The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXVIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1905. NO. 41

COMMISSIONERS AGAINST THE FARMERS.

The Present Board of County Commissioners Ignored the Farmers and Their Organization—Ran the Limit of Discourtesy—Discriminated in Appraising Grange Park.

The present board of County Commissioners has invited repudiation at the coming general election. It has invited repudiation by—

Being Discourteous
Practicing Discrimination
Being Extravagant.

The Commissioners of Centre county ran the limit of discourtesy when they refused to acknowledge an appeal made to them by an organization representing more than one thousand farmers in Centre county, for an appropriation of $100 to be used as premiums.

And to heap insult upon injury, the blame for not answering this appeal was falsely placed upon sickness in the family of the commissioners' clerk. And this reply was received only after the attention to the Commissioners' dirty trick was called by this paper.

The Commissioners acknowledged, privately to individuals, that they had made a mistake in not answering the appeal of the Centre County Pomona Grange through its representative, Hon. L Rhone. A mistake, they acknowledged, from a political standpoint.

And the letter to Mr. Rhone, signed by the Commissioners, in which was quoted the law upon which the $100 for premiums was granted, represented a FALSEHOOD, if the words from Mr. Miller's own mouth can be believed.

The present board of County Commissioners is guilty of practicing, in the most artful way, discrimination in the valuation of real estate.

This art was especially put into use when the appraisement of Grange Park was made. See the comparison:

Grange Park, per acre - - - - - -	$85
J. J. Arney, farm, per acre - - - - -	41
Henry Stoner, farm, per acre - - - - -	31

Grange Park is the property of the Centre County Pomona Grange, and the Encampment and Fair management is doing business under a charter granted the County Grange in 1891, issued by the County Court under an act of 1874, known as the Wallace Act. Concerns incorporated under this act are conducted solely for "educational and social purposes," and NOT FOR PROFIT.

Grange Park was a part of the Arney and Stoner farms; the improvements are of a temporary character, and not nearly as valuable as the improvements on the farms of which the Park was at one time a part, and yet—

Grange Park is appraised, per acre twice as much as the Arney farm, and almost three times as much per acre as the Stoner farm.

This is a great injustice. And this discrimination was made after a committee from the Centre County Grange attended the appeal, held at the Old Fort, in May, 1903.

Grange Park cannot be compared, when valuation for tax purposes is considered, with the Bellefonte fair grounds, Hecla Park and Hunters' Park. They are money making schemes. To the first admission is charged, and dividends may be declared by the owners; the latter have permanent improvements; they are in operation during the whole of the summer season, and net handsome returns to the railroad companies that own them.

Grange Park is used for one week in each year by the Encampment and Fair Association; the remainder of the time it is used as a pasture lot and play ground; not a penny admission has ever been charged; not a dollar of a dividend has ever, or can ever be declared—the park is to be used for educational and social purposes.

The Encampment and Fair Association is robbed by taxation, owing to over valuation. And the present board of County Commissioners is responsible, and no one else, for this condition.

No matter what explanation you may, in the future, see in print or hear by mouth of the actions of the members of the present board of County Commissioners relative to the ignoring of the farmers in one case and the treble taxing in the other, must be disbelieved. An attempt has already been made, by one of the candidates referred to above, to deceive the farmers in regard to the $100 appropriation. The facts cited here are true.

The members of the Grange and the farmers generally, who have any respect for their own (the farmers') rights, irrespective of party affiliation, cannot with any consistency vote for the re-election of any one of the present board of County Commissioners who are candidates for re-election. These men, if re-elected, will continue their discrimination against the farmers and the Grange, and the extravagant management of County affairs. It is the duty of every farmer and good citizen to go to the polls and repudiate the men who have robbed the farmers of their just rights.

Commissioner Bailey: "Take one (pencil); we get lots of 'em."

But Mr. Bailey only had one term! Well, by the look of the County Auditors' Statement, for 1904, his financiering is to his discredit. Why should he have a second term?

Perhaps the protective tariff is responsible for the epidemic of graft that is raging all over the United States. The underlying principle of the protective tariff is graft, and the spirit is bound to corrupt public morals.

The Democratic party in Mifflin county did itself credit in placing on its ticket for county treasurer Charles A. Shunkwiler, of Lewistown, and the voters, no matter of what political faith they are, who vote for him, will never regret it. He is a man very similar to the clean, gentlemanly, business man on the Democratic ticket for the same office in Centre county. They are the type of men who should be elected to office.

In distributing court house supplies (among the boys) Commissioner Bailey got some of his goods located away down in Snyder county. In order to prove that he didn't make pencil giving a general affair, Commissioner Bailey might present an itemized statement of just how many pencils, etc., the Board of Commissioners purchased during the past two years and nine months. The Reporter presumes that no special account was kept of those given away, and therefore it would be unkind to ask how many high-priced lead pencils, etc, were disposed of in that way during his term of office.

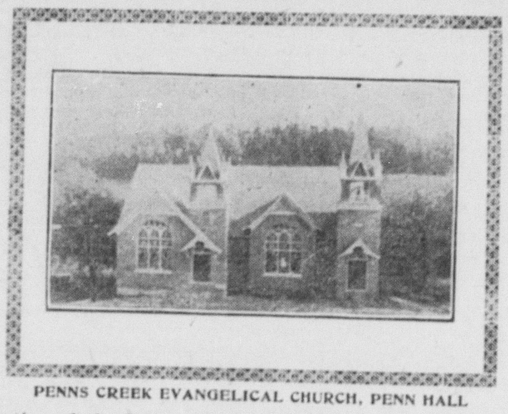
But—

On the other hand, what's the use of worrying? At the rate Mr. Bailey hustles, he couldn't bankrupt Centre county if he were to devote his whole time, between now and the end of his term, to giving away pencils, etc.

Among many Republicans and all Democrats there is this feeling: A. V. Miller has had enough of public patronage.

DEDICATION PENNS CREEK LUTHERAN CHURCH

Sunday, October 15—Cost, $5326—Brief Sketch of the Congregation, Its Churches and Names of Pastors Since 1801.



PENNS CREEK EVANGELICAL CHURCH, PENN HALL

The dedication of the Penns Creek Evangelical Lutheran church took place Sunday evening, the sermon being preached by Rev. A. S. Hartman, D. D., of Baltimore, Md., and the dedicatory prayer by the pastor, Rev. B. R. M. Sheeder, of Aaronsburg.

Services incident to the occasion began Monday previous, the sermons being delivered by Rev. H. C. Bixler, Rev. I. N. Bair, Rev. J. M. Rearick, Rev. J. I. Stonecypher, Rev. F. E. Lauffer, Rev. G. W. McIlnay.

Saturday evening and Sunday morning, Rev. J. B. Focht, D. D., of Selinsgrove, filled the appointments, and Sunday afternoon and evening Dr. Hartman delivered discourses.

The new edifice is a structure of brick, with slate roof. There are three departments—the main auditorium, Sunday-school room and infant room. The rooms are abundantly large to accommodate any reasonable increase in membership. The interior presents a pleasing appearance. The walls are covered with white paper having a delicate figure; the ceiling is of natural elm, and is laid in panels; the pews of oak are neat in design, and comfortable to sit on; the floor is covered with a carpet well suited for the place; the pulpit, altar furniture, etc, are all that could be desired both as to style and quality. The church is lighted by acetylene, the plant being located in the cellar. There are two dainty chandeliers suspended from the ceiling and one jet on either side of the pulpit recess. The light and carpet were both furnished by the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society.

The windows are very pretty and were placed there as memorials by various members or friends of the church. Following will be found the inscriptions on the same:

Our Pastors—

Rev. A. W. Ilgen	1801-1823
Rev. —— Aubly	1823-1833
Rev. D. Gotwalt	1838 1843
Rev. C. Reese	1843 1853
Rev. M. J. Alleman	1853 1858
Rev. J. Welker	1858 1862
Rev. D. Sell	1862-1867
Rev. A. C. Felker	1867-1869
Rev. P. Salm, D. D.	1869-1873
Rev. J. T. Thomlinson . . .	1873-1884
Rev. M. L. Deitzler	1885-1890
Rev. E. H. Gerhart	1890-1901
Rev. B. R. M. Sheeder . . .	1902- . .

In honor of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Shook, by their children.

Presented by Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Duck.

In honor of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Musser, by their children.

Presented by F. D. Hosterman and Miss Susan Haines, in memory of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Haines.

In honor of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Horner, by Sarah Kreamer, R. B. Bartges and S. G. Burrell.

In memory of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Henney, by their grandsons, Hosterman brothers.

In memory of Lydia Burrell.

In memory of Samuel Burrell.

In memory of Carrie E. Herring, presented by her nephews and nieces.

Presented by Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Duck.

Presented by Jonathan Harter.

Presented by the carpenters, Jeremiah Zettle, Roland Zettle, E. E. Zettle, M. J. Barger, E. E. Sweetwood, Lawrence Runkle.

In memory of Samuel and Lydia Musser, by their family.

In memory of Charles and Mary G. Musser.

Presented by the Sabbath-school.

In memory of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Bartges, by C. C. and Ivy W. Bartges.

In honor of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith, by their children.

In honor of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Bartges, by their children.

HISTORICAL NOTES.

The Penns Creek Evangelical Lutheran congregation was organized in 1801, under the pastorate of Ludwig Albrecht Wilhelm Ilgen, a native of Heclingen, Markgraftschaft, Germany, who served until his death in 1823.

The new congregation was added to the Aaronsburg charge, and first worshipped in the old Presbyterian meeting house, a short distance north of Penn Hall. Later this church building was jointly purchased by the Lutherans and Reformeds, and about 1810 or 1812, the structure was renovated, furnished with pews, a gallery added, and was then re-dedicated.

These two denominations, for fifty years, worshiped in this church. In 1860, during the pastorate of Rev. Joseph Welker, a new church was completed, which continued in use until 1903. This church stood three-fourths of a mile east of Penn Hall.

Ground was broken for the church just dedicated in the summer of 1904, and October 2, the corner stone was placed in position with due ceremony.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Total cost of church	$5326
Subscription subsequent to Dedication Day	2800
Subscription on Dedication Day, about	1726

The oldest parishioner of the Penns Creek church is Mrs. Rebecca Hennick, who has a distinct recollection of being catechized by Rev. Aubly, the second pastor of the congregation. It will be noticed that the inscription on the memorial window does not give Rev. Aubly's christian name, but it is Mrs. Hennick's recollection that his name was "Ludwig." Mrs. Hennick is eighty-seven years of age, and greatly enjoyed the services incident to the dedication of the new church.

Harry M. Allison, a man superior in every way to the Republican candidate for county treasurer, was turned down at the Republican convention through the smartness of Henry C. Quigley, Esq. And with all this, Mr. Swartz has the audacity to go into Gregg township and claim the support of the Republicans. Mr. Swartz secured his nomination through a trick performed by a Bellefonte lawyer, and not through the choice of the delegates to the convention.

The South Side candidate for auditor, James W. Swabb, is especially well qualified to fill the position of auditor. He is rapid in figures, has good judgment, o. k. in every way. See that the South Side votes solid for Mr. Swabb.

John Rowe ought to have easy sailing into the customary second term. Does anyone know who his opponent is, outside of seeing his name on the Republican county ticket?

Commissioner Bailey: "Take one (pencil); we get lots of 'em."

Read the inside pages of the Reporter

Teddy, the Strenuous, wants to "ladyfy" football sufficiently to enable Teddy, the Weakling, to participate without getting his shins hurt. Foot ball at Harvard College is too strenuous for the offshoot of the Most Strenuous.

It is very necessary that the register's office have at the head of it a man capable of doing clerical work. Such a man is Harry J. Jackson. He has every qualification necessary to fill the office of register, and the gift to "know you when he sees you again."

Mr. Swartz is putting out the story "that Dr. White is a dude." That was his sole stock in trade when making his campaign through Gregg township. Dr. White is a gentleman, every inch of him; he is gentlemanly, not a dude by any means.

Would you call a man a gentleman who would circulate such a foolish story as that credited to Mr. Swartz?

Hardly. There is another name for persons who resort to such foolishness.

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

All Clean, Honorable Men Asking the Support of the Voters in Centre County—Candidates Selected from Among the Rank and File of the Party.

The people of the county without reference to party lines should congratulate themselves in having a ticket as clean, strong and capable as that presented by the Democratic party. While it is true the Democrats invariably present to the people for their suffrages a ticket of good, honest and worthy men, they have never presented a better line or more efficient set of men than they have this fall.

ELLIS SHAFFER, FOR SHERIFF

The ticket now presented and which the people of the county are asked to support is, Ellis Shaffer, the candidate for sheriff. The people of a large part of the county are personally acquainted with him, and he comes from and belongs to one of the oldest as well as the largest and most substantial families in the county. People known, indeed, distinguished for their integrity and probity of character for generations. The name itself is a synonym for honesty, truthfulness, fairness and incorruptibility. Moreover for generations the members of this family in all its branches have been and are Democrats. The seed of sound democracy and real worth has descended from generation to generation and given us as reliable a class of citizens as can anywhere be found in our great state.

To an inheritance of this kind came Ellis Shaffer. He has in no manner fallen from his rightful legacy. A man who was brought up on the farm, used to toil, born to energy and industry, he has honestly and faithfully followed in the footsteps of his fathers and has proven himself worthy of the confidence and support, not only of his party, but of the people of the county. Always kind and generous to the poor, he inherits this from his well known father, Adam Shaffer, who was noted throughout all his neighborhood for his kindly disposition and helpfulness to those in need. So deserving was he deemed to be by his party that when he became a candidate for Sheriff his fitness for the office was admitted by all and the nomination conceded to him without contest or opposition.

This being so, no Democrat can find cause for not giving to him his most hearty support at the polls. This too is good reason why the voters of all parties should support him.

DR. F. K. WHITE, FOR TREASURER

Then for County Treasurer we have Dr. F. K. White, a citizen of the borough of Philipsburg. A young man of intelligence and fine abilities, clean in his private life, pleasant and agreeable in his intercourse with all whom he meets or who have the good fortune to meet him.

Dr. White has been the wheel horse of the democracy on his side of the mountain for years past. While this is so his real worth as a neighbor and citizen is best attested by the hearty support that is given by the voters of all parties in the community in which he has spent the best years of his mature life.

The citizens of Philipsburg and Rush township knowing Dr. White, as only the people among whom a man lives can know him, insisted on the Doctor becoming a candidate for the office for which he was nominated. While the Doctor met with honorable and worthy competition, with the united support of the community in which he lived back of him, his nomination was almost a foregone conclusion from the first.

None can doubt the Doctor's fitness or capability for the position to which he has been nominated. By education, business training, intercourse with and affability toward people he meets, he is especially fitted for the office of County Treasurer. The Gazette objects to him because it says he is rich. This is not true. He is in moderate circumstances. But should it be an objection to a man for an office that he has by care, industry and thrift won himself a competency. To us it seems this should be a reason why he should be supported by his fellow citizens. To say the plain truth, no party in the county has presented a more worthy, competent, intelligent and honorable candidate for the office of County Treasurer than F. K. White, for many years past. He will be elected, of course.

HARRY J. JACKSON, FOR REGISTER

Next on the list for the office of Register, is Harry J. Jackson, a comparatively young man, deliberate and careful in his ways, kindly in disposition, reliable and faithful in the discharge of every duty.

Mr. Jackson has been deputy sheriff for a number of years. In this office he has measured up to every duty put upon him. He has been careful, conscientious, courteous, and gentlemanly in his intercourse with all persons having business with the Sheriff's office. This is much in his favor and gives assurance that as Register of the county, people who have business with him will be kindly treated.

The Gazette alleges that he has had enough because he has been deputy sheriff. It is a disgrace to ever mention this as a reason that Mr. Jackson or anybody else has been served and should not seek something more or better.

The office of Deputy Sheriff, it is true has its responsibilities, and these Mr. Jackson has fully met and discharged. But the office yields a very small monthly income, and from this by careful living Mr. Jackson has maintained himself, his mother and sister. The fact that he has been faithful in this office is the best guarantee that he will be faithful with larger and more responsible duties.

There is one thing that should commend Mr. Jackson to every one in the county. Upon the death of his father some years ago, the support of his mother and sister devolved upon him. Faithfully and tenderly has he cared for and supported them, consuming for this purpose his entire income and sacrificing home and family of his own that they might be comfortable.

From all we know of Mr. Jackson in the past, his conduct, promptness and faithfulness, we are assured that as register of the county and clerk of the Orphan's Court he will be an honor to the party and a credit to the county.

JOHN C. ROWE, FOR RECORDER.

And here we are now with a candidate tried and true in the person of John C. Rowe, who having served one term as Recorder was as a matter of course entitled to and received at the hands of his party a renomination. By this time everybody ought to know Mr. Rowe, at least everybody who has had any business with the recorder or in his office during the last three years.

If they have been there and seen or met Mr. Rowe they have both seen and met a gentleman. It is conceded that in his intercourse with people in both his official and private capacity Mr. Rowe has always been the genial, kindly, considerate gentleman.

In the transaction of his duties he has been very careful, faithful and prompt. In life and character he is pure and upright, and as for his qualifications and fitness for the office we take no risks. In the three years or nearly so that he has been recorder he has beyond question demonstrated his absolute fitness for the place. To do anything else than re-elect Mr. Rowe would be a disgrace to the people of the county.

JOHN L. DUNLAP AND C. A. WEAVER, FOR COMMISSIONERS

For the office of County Commissioner we have John L. Dunlap and Calvin A. Weaver. These men come direct from the people. They are both men who make their living by toil. Neither of them have heretofore held office, except that Mr. Weaver was deputy sheriff under Sheriff Condo. In this office he proved himself entirely honest and competent and in his intercourse with people he was polite and

CONTINUED ON LAST PAGE.

BIG WAVE ENGULFS LINER

Five Steerage Passengers Are Swept Overboard

AND MANY OTHERS ARE INJURED.

The Disaster Came Unexpectedly, When the Decks Were Filled With Merrymakers—A Big Wave Suddenly Swept Over the Ship, Completely Covering the Lower Deck and Rising Waisthigh on Upper Deck.

New York, (Special).—Five lives are known to have been lost and more than 31 persons injured, one of them fatally, on the Cunard Line steamer Campania when a gigantic wave rolled over the steamer and swept across a deck thick with steerage passengers.

So sudden was the coming of the disaster and so great the confusion which attended and followed it that even the officers of the steamer themselves were unable upon the vessel's arrival here to estimate the full extent of the tragedy.

John Graham, of Milwaukee, was one of the passengers washed overboard and lost. He was traveling in the steerage. The others who are known to have lost their lives are Margaret Cleary, Mary Cosgrove, Niels Ekberg and Elizabeth Grunadotter.

When the Campania reached quarantine 10 of the injured passengers were still in the ship's hospital, some of them seriously hurt, and a score of others were nursing minor injuries.

The Campania was plowing along under full headway last Wednesday afternoon. A heavy quartering sea was running, but the weather conditions were far from unpleasant, and the big boat's decks were crowded with passengers. The steerage deck was covered with merrymakers, and there was nothing to indicate the approaching disaster, when suddenly the big steamer lurched to port and scooped up an enormous sea. The wave boarded the steamer about midships on the port side, and swept clear across the steerage deck, completely filling the space between that deck and the deck above, and carrying everything with it. The steamer's side was buried so deep that the passengers on the deck above the steerage were submerged to their waists as the immense volume of water rolled aft and then surged forward.

All the cabin passengers on the upper deck succeeded in clinging to supports, while the waters surged around them, and were saved, but the unfortunates on the steerage deck found themselves utterly helpless. The irresistible rush of waters, sweeping toward the forward part of the ship, carried everything before it. Nottings, heavy railings and other obstructions which had been arranged near the railings to prevent passengers being washed overboard, served their purpose only in part.

MIKADO AND CZAR SIGN.

Peace Treaty Effective and War Formally Ended.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—The Emperor of Russia and the Emperor of Japan Saturday morning signed their respective copies of the peace treaty, thus officially ending the war.

Baron Rosen, the Russian ambassador, called at the State Department and saw Secretary Root. While he had no official advices on the subject, information had reached him to the effect that the Emperor of Russia had early in the day affixed his signature to the copy of the treaty drawn at Portsmouth and engrossed on vellum at St. Petersburg.

It was not necessary for the Ambassador to convey this information officially to the State Department, for, according to the plan arranged the Russian Foreign Office was to advise the French government of the act of signature, and that government in turn was to advise the Japanese government.

Mr. Takahira appeared at the State Department with a message stating that the Emperor of Japan had signed the treaty at Tokio. A cablegram was immediately dispatched to Spencer Eddy, charge of the American embassy at St. Petersburg, who was instructed to inform the Russian Foreign Office that the Emperor of Japan had performed his part, and both copies of the treaty having been duly signed, and each of the great nations lately engaged in hostilities, having been officially informed of the fact, the Russo-Japanese war which began February 8, 1904, with the attack of Togo's fleet upon the Russian ships at Port Arthur terminated officially October 14.

Little remains to be done to meet the official requirements. At a later date probably in the course of a month or two, copies of the treaties will be actually exchanged, probably in Washington by the Russian ambassador and the Japanese minister or charge, for it is possible that Minister Takahira will before that occurrence have gone to Japan on a leave of absence. There is nothing for this government to do in the way of proclamation.

The Aurora, Jemtchug and the Oleg, constituting Admiral Enquist's squadron at Manila, and the Lena, at Mare Island, which have been interned for months, may probably now be released whenever the Russian government sees fit to make the request, though, as it is understood, the ships have been undergoing extensive repairs to make them seaworthy, it may be sometime yet before they are ready to sail.

Islands in a Quake.

Kingston, Jamaica, (By Cable).—Another earthquake shock was felt at 4.35 o'clock P. M., lasting for nearly a minute. It was oppressively hot before the shock took place.

Jail Term For Congressman.

Portland, Ore., (Special). — John Newton Williamson, congressman from the Second Oregan district, convicted of subordination of perjury in connection with land frauds in Oregon, was sentenced by Judge Hunt in the United States Court to serve 10 months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $500. He was also reprimanded by the court for his failure to set a good example in his exalted public position. Marion R. Biggs, formerly United States commissioner, was given an equal penalty.

THE LATEST NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

DOMESTIC

Mrs. Grave Evans, of Des Moines, Ia., fainted upon learning that her husband, Ralph W. Evans, had been secretly married to Miss Jessica Penn, a society girl and art student, who had been his model.

John Frederickson, of South Norwalk, Conn., is on the hunt for William Barrett, who ran off with his wife and $1,300 of his cash. He does not want his wife, but does want his cash.

Dr. Arthur St. Clair Knudson, a wealthy New York clubman, was found nude on top of a freight car at Yonkers. He had climbed there while suffering from mental abberation.

Two more convictions have been obtained in the Oregon land-fraud case, the latest culprits being former State Representative Willard N. Jones and Ira Wade, a timber locator.

The Southern Pacific Railway has ordered 140 new locomotives and over 6,000 cars. A perfect block system will be installed between San Francisco and Omaha.

Joseph A. Flanely, an inspector of the New York State Excise Department, was arrested on the charge of falsely certifying to permits for a license.

Rev. George Soltan, pastor of the Sioux City Baptist Church, notified his congregation that he would resign if they did not give up Sunday diversions.

A portion of the brain of Thomas Paine, that had been stolen, was recovered in Paine's tomb at New Rochelle, N. Y.

Five firemen were injured in a fire that destroyed a paint and wallpaper establishment in Chicago.

Mrs. Russel Sage has given $75,000 for a new modern school building in Sag Harbor, L. I.

Lieut. Louis McLane Hamilton, Fourteenth Infantry, has been reduced 30 files in rank as the result of a court-martial held at Vancouver Barracks, when Lieutenant McLane was tried on charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline.

District Attorney William T. Jerome, of New York, speaking of his independent campaign for re-election, and the fact that Tammany Hall nominated a candidate to oppose him, said he will remain in the fight.

Rev. Dr. J. C. Kunzman, treasurer of Home Missions of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of North America, reported to the General Council that during the past year 600 missions had received support.

During a hearing in Chicago the attorney of former Capt. Oberlin M. Carter laid charges of dishonesty against government officials. He mentioned no names.

A woman cashier in New York confessed that she had embezzled $2,000 and had used the funds to support her father, mother and invalid sister.

W. E. Brown, president of the failed First National Bank of Storm Lake, Ia., was sentenced to five years in prison for fraudulent banking.

The "open-shop" policy will cause a strike of over 1,000 men in the shops of the National Cash Register Company, at Dayton, O.

The price $7,750,000 as the value of a telephone franchise for New York was submitted by an expert to the board of estimates.

Judge Eason, of Wooster, O., granted Capt. Elmore F. Taggart a divorce and the custody of his two sons.

Armitage Mathews, a New York lawyer, committed suicide by leaping from the window of his apartment to the courtyard below. He was about to be tried for looting an estate.

Detectives searched the outgoing White Star steamer Cymric at Boston in the vain hope of finding Edward G. Cunliffe, who stole a package containing $100,000 from the Adams Express office.

Indictments were returned against Fred R. Green, cashier of the Fredonia National Bank of New York, charging him with making false entries.

In New York William S. Brown, of Westfield, N. J., filed in United States Circuit Court a suit for $10,000 damages against William C. Muschenheim, proprietor of the New Astor Hotel, because the night clerk refused himself and wife a room.

FOREIGN

French officials, concerning the revelations of Great Britain's offer of naval and military aid to France if Germany assumed a belligerent attitude over Morocco, issued a note of denial.

French government officials are becoming impatient over President Castro's failure to withdraw his offensive action toward M. Taigny, the French representative at Caracas.

The Chinese government will introduce a bill in the legislative council providing for a loan of $2,000,000 for the Kowlon-Canton Railway and other railway purposes.

The death of Prince Sergius Troubetskoy, the foremost Liberal in Russia, removes a restraining influence over the Moscow students, and trouble is feared.

It is understood that Gen. Baron Fejervary has been appointed Hungarian premier, but no public announcement will be made until next week.

M. Ossovsky, the assistant chief of police at Kishinef, was assassinated. He was said to have been largely responsible for the massacre of the Jews.

The Russian government will lend the Baku oil men $15,000,000 to cover the cost of repairing the damage inflicted by rioters.

The new Peruvian minister, Dr. Manuel Alvarez Calderon, formerly minister of Peru to the United States, Cuba and Mexico, has arrived at Santiago, Chili, and it is believed that exciting international questions will be discussed.

The Duchess Sophie Charlotte of Oldenburg, fiancee of Prince Eitel Frederick, is four years older than the bridegroom-elect.

The Prince Victoria Adelheid, eldest daughter of Duke Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Gluecksburg, was married at Gluecksburg, Prussia, to Prince Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

The British squadron was officially welcomed by the Japanese at Yokohama, where festivities were held in honor of the visitors.

Forty arrests were made as the result of the discovery of secret printing establishments on the outskirts of St. Petersburg.

The strike of the factory workers is reported to be spreading in Moscow.

SIR HENRY IRVING DEAD

For Many Years Leader of the English Stage.

DIED SHORTLY AFTER A PERFORMANCE

Only an Hour Before He Was Stricken the Famous Actor Was Playing at a Theater in Bradford, Eng.—His Rise and Success as One of the World's Greatest Actors—His Hamlet and Other Roles.

London, (By Cable).—The English-speaking world has suffered an irreparable loss by the sudden death of Sir Henry Irving, who was universally regarded as the most representative English actor of contemporary times.

Sir Henry died literally in harness. He was giving a series of farewell performances in the English provinces, and was playing an engagement at Bradford, appearing in several favorite roles.

Friday night, before an enthusiastic audience, he portrayed one of his most characteristically intellectual parts — the title role in his own stage adaptation of Lord Tennyson's "Becket"—with marked success.

After the performance Sir Henry returned to his hotel, reaching his rooms at 11.30 o'clock, when it was observed that he was in great pain.

Physicians were immediately summoned, but before they could arrive Sir Henry was seized with an attack of syncope and expired within a few minutes, without having uttered a word, in the presence of Bram Stoker, who had been his immediate manager for many years, and a few other intimate friends. The event caused the greatest pain and consternation among the members of the company.

To the last moment of his life Sir Henry Irving's heart was in the work to which he had devoted his career: the raising of the standard of his art. On Wednesday he was entertained at luncheon in the Bradford town hall, at which the mayor presented him an address from his admirers.

In replying to the address Sir Henry spoke of himself as one, the sands of whose life were fast running out, but no one then present had the slightest idea that the end would come so soon. He proceeded in his reply to eloquently advocate the establishment of theaters by municipalities, "because," he said, "I lieve that by this means the standard of the true drama, as distinguished from miscellaneous entertainments, would be successfully upheld."

"Money is spent like water for all kinds of philanthropic and educational objects," he continued, "but who among you ever dreams of endowing the theater? I am sure the time will come when you will regard the theater as necessary to a liberal education and be prepared to consider any reasonable suggestions for the extension of its legitimate influence. It may be that in years to come our countrymen will scarcely understand how in our times so potent an instrument of good or ill as the stage was left entirely outside the sphere of public administration."

Sir Henry's last appearances in London were made last summer, following his serious illness, when the enthusiasm at the nightly receptions accorded him in the historic Drury Lane Theater will long be remembered. Since then he has been engaged in touring the provinces and contemplated another visit to the United States.

COW CAUSES FIVE DEATHS.

Lies Down on Railroad and Throws Engine Off Track.

Oskaloosa, Ia., (Special).—Five trainmen were killed at Seaton, Ill., when a heavy double-header freight train, eastbound, on the Iowa Central Railroad ran into cattle on the track at a speed of 20 miles an hour. Both locomotives and 11 freight cars loaded with grain and lumber were piled in a heap beside the track.

All the men killed had homes in Oskaloosa except Briley, who resided in Monmouth, Ill. The engineers lived several hours after the wreck occurred, but the other three men were killed instantly.

A cow was lying on the ties between the rails. She was hidden from view by other cattle standing about her. At the sound of the whistle of the approaching train the standing cattle scampered away, but the forward locomotive struck the lying cow.

The animal was crushed under the wheels of the pilot truck and rolled along the ties for 100 feet. The animal's blood made the rails slippery, and pieces of bone threw the front locomotive from the track. The derailed locomotive pitched down an embankment, drawing the second engine into the ditch, where the two machines piled up, crushing the engineers and the firemen.

The wreckage caught fire from the live coals of the engines. The conductor and rear brakemen, with persons who lived near the wreck, hastily took the mangled bodies of the trainmen from the burning debris and saved the rest of the train from the flames.

Blind Woman Perished.

Chicago, (Special).—A blind woman was burned to death in her kitchen while her deaf mother sat placidly rocking and mending in an adjoining room, hearing nothing of the daughter's cries of agony. The victim was Mrs. Frances Harvey, a widow, 41 years old. The mother is Mrs. W. Vierer, 81 years old. Mrs. Harvey had been blind from childhood, but she knew the house by heart, and had been accustomed to doing the cooking. She had placed the kettle on the gas stove when the sleeve of her dress became ignited.

Six Firemen Injured.

Chicago, (Special).—Six firemen were injured, two probably fatally, in a collision between a hose cart and an electric car. The car was running at 20 miles an hour when it struck the rear of the hose cart, knocking the vehicle 25 feet.

Seventh Victim of Feud.

Mobile, Ala., (Special). — William Young was killed from ambush while returning to his home, at Wheelerville, 13 miles west of Mobile. He is the seventh victim of a feud which has continued for the past 25 years.

CHOPPED MAN HE KILLED

Gruesome Murder in a Lodging-House in New York.

FLIMSY STORY BY THE ACCUSED MAN.

Tell the Police of Hearing Sounds of Cracking Bones and the Falling of Pieces of the Carcass, as Human Butcher Proceeds in His Work—What They Saw Through the Glass in the Partition Door.

New York, (Special). — One of the most shocking crimes that it has ever devolved upon the police of this city to investigate was committed early in the morning, when a man was shot and killed in a little room on the top floor of 149 Third avenue, and his body cut up by his murderer, who evidently had the idea that he could in this way hide his crime.

The murdered man was Tom Corcoran, who was up to a few weeks ago a ticket-chopper on the Third Avenue Railroad. Jacob Frederick Bauer, an elevator man at the Union Square Hotel, is the man believed by the police to be the murderer. He is said to be a degenerate, and it was in his room that the murder and dismemberment of the body were perpetrated.

Despite the fact that the evidence against Bauer is most convincing, the latter, caught almost red-handed, persisted in denying his guilt all day to the authorities. He told a silly story of three other men being in his room, and of his being entirely unaware that it had been the scene of such a crime until he got up in the morning and slipped on the blood on the floor. Bauer was committed to the Tombs by Coroner Scholer, charged with murder, after he had again refused to confess that it was he who had murdered Corcoran and cut up his body.

Bauer is a native of Wurtemburg, Germany. He has a low, retreating forehead and is marked as a degenerate. He is about 40 years old, stoop-shouldered and repulsive in appearance. He has been in this country 13 years, and for six years has been employed at the Union Square Hotel. He performed his duties there well, and the proprietor of the hotel was the most astonished man on earth to hear that he had been charged with such a crime. The police, however, were not surprised.

They have run across Bauer before, as one of the type that hang about Third avenue. Two months ago he complained that he had been held up and robbed. One of the things he was robbed of was a gold bracelet, which he wore as an ornament on his wrist.

Bauer has roomed for two years in the little three-story building at 149 Third avenue. The rooms are let to men by a Mrs. Schreiber.

Just where Bauer met Corcoran is not known. Corcoran, who was 27 years old, was a well-built man.

SIX MINERS IN A BLAZING PIT.

An Engineer and Another Killed By An Explosion.

Brownsville, Pa., (Special).—At 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon there occurred at the Clyde Coal Company's mines, seven miles from this point, a mine fire, followed by several explosions. There were in the mine at the time about 100 men, and all but eight escaped alive. Two were killed outright, and the remaining six can hardly be reached alive, as they are surrounded by flames.

The trouble was caused by a broken electric light wire. The woodwork in one of the five connecting mines caught fire, and Engineer Woods, with Robert Virgin, started into the mine to investigate. A series of sharp explosions then followed, which killed the two explorers. Their bodies were burned to a crisp when recovered.

Most of the miners escaped by the different exits, but the six named were working in rooms about 1,500 feet from the entrance and were so located that they could not reach a place of safety. The families of the imprisoned men stood around the mine entrance, but it was announced that there was little hope of getting to the men.

Two rescue parties were formed during the evening, each party numbering six men, but they could not get far into the mine on account of the fire and foul air. Assistance has been asked from surrounding mines, and it is thought the entombed men will be reached by daybreak, though there is little hope of finding them alive.

Judge Asked to Resign.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)—Associate Justice Tucker of the Territorial Supreme Court of Arizona has been requested to resign. Several months ago charges were preferred against Justice Tucker involving his personal conduct as a member of the Territorial judiciary. These charges were presented to the President, and were referred by him to the Department of Justice for investigation. The request for resignation is based upon the findings of that investigation.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Gen. A. L. Mills, superintendent of the Military Academy, in his annual report pictures very satisfactory conditions as to discipline, military bearing and soldierly conduct of the cadets, and says that hazing in any form has shown no symptom of reappearing.

The President has reappointed Henry L. West a member of the Board of Commissioners for the District of Columbia.

It is stated that there will be several important changes in the personnel of the Philippine Commission.

The arbitrary actions of President Castro and other phases of the Venezuelan controversy were considered at the cabinet meeting.

The President and Mrs. Roosevelt had as guests at dinner Secretary and Mrs. Taft and Postmaster General and Mrs. Cortelyou.

The President has directed the appointment of Col. Henry G. Sharpe to be chief commissary of subsistence of the army.

The National Wholesale Lumber Dealers' Association has approved the President's attitude in railroad rate legislation.

NEW YORK AS SEEN DAY BY DAY.

NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.

Without showing the slighest effect of the severe ordeal through which he had gone, Herman Frank, a druggist, 1272 Broadway, appeared at his place of business, despite the fact that the night before a cyst that had eaten into his brain and was endangering his life had been removed by the most delicate of operations. Frank has a slight scar over his right eye, and in a glass tube is the unbroken cyst that had so long threatened his life. The sack was removed without being punctured by Dr. E. A. Robinson of 52 West Thirty-eighth street, and the patient submitted to the entire operation, lasting more than an hour, without taking an anaesthetic. He even sat before a mirror so placed that he could see what was going on, hoping the interest he would take might help to ally the agony.

Because his wooden leg made such a noise that it disturbed the other tenants, Andrew Gerison, a Union veteran, was before the Second Criminal Court in Jersey City on compiaint of his landlord, Edward Sell, who said he had appealed in vain to Gerison, who comes home late, to do less thumping with the wooden leg. Gerison began to recount to Judge Manning in minute detail his part in the Civil War and could not be repressed. He was finally led to the clerk's desk and signed a bond to keep the peace.

Hiaso Sota, a little 95-pound Japanese woman, who caused the arrest of J. F. McCullum, an athlete and sparring partner of "Terry" McGovern, after she by jiu jitsu had thrown him flat twice on the sidewalk on One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, proved that the Japanese art of self-defense was no idle fad by demonstrating in the Harlem Court just how she had floored McCullum. Miss Sota appeared in court accompanied by Koyta Yoshmure, an interpreter. To satisfy the court, she threw her interpreter twice.

Uncertainty surrounds the identity of a young woman who died at the Post-Graduate Hospital, on Second avenue. According to the brief announcement made by the hospial authorities, the dead woman is "Mrs. Francis, of Long Branch, N. J." But a telegraphic message received from Long Branch tells of the sudden death at this hospital of Miss Edith Van Nate, the promised wife of Seymour Francis, son of Senator Asa Francis, Mayor of Long Branch. Miss Edith Van Nate, or Mrs. Francis, as the case may be, was the daughter of Calvin G. Van Nate, a wealthy coal dealer of Long Branch. She was 20 years old and a graduate of the Crattle High School in the class of 1903.

Gastano Costa, a butcher, 40 years old, was murdered in his shop, on Fourth avenue, Brooklyn. Costa was alone in his shop when the murderers entered, and no witnesses to the killing have been found. Two men standing near the entrance to the shop heard shots and saw four men escape into the street. An examination of the body showed four bullet wounds. The murder is believed by officers to be the work of the "Black Hand." No arrests have been made.

The will of Miss Mary Irene Hoyt shows that she carried to the grave a family feud that began nearly a quarter of a century ago. Of her personal estate, estimated at more than $1,000,000, her relatives will get not a penny unless they break her will. Miss Hoyt died about three weeks ago at her home, 305 West Seventy-second street, leaving practically all of her large fortune to Maria Garnick, her companion for nearly 20 years. Miss Hoyt had the income from $1,250,000 left in trust for her by her father, Jesse Hoyt, the banker, in 1882. The family feud arose over the distribution of the banker's estate of $7,000,000. After all the state courts had decided against Miss Hoyt, and she had to accept the terms of her father's will, she announced that she would never again have any communication with her relatives.

Sadie Mirsky was unwillingly the chief witness in the Manhattan Avenue Police Court, Brooklyn, against Samuel Strauss, a young man, whose bride she had hoped ere this to be. Through her testimony Strauss was held for examination on a charge of having forged a check in the name of Sadie's father, Myer Mirsky, for $250, with which the young people were to have fled to Philadelphia to get married.

LUKE WRIGHT RESIGNS.

Administration Said to Be Dissatisfied With His Governor Generalship.

Washington, D. C., (Special). — By reason of what appears to be dissatisfaction with the situation in the Philippines, Luke E. Wright, governor general of the Philippine Commission, will retire about the first of December.

General Wright is expected to arrive in the United States during that month, and is entitled to six months' leave of absence prior to the formal relinquishment of his labors as Governor General.

It is understood that he expects to return to Nashville, Tenn., to resume the practice of law.

President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft, it is believed, practically have decided upon the successor to General Wright, but no intimation has been permitted to become public as to his identity. It can be stated reasonably definitely that General Wright's successor will not be a man now connected with the Commission.

Diamond Case Dropped.

Red Oak, Iowa, (Special).—The case of Thomas Dennison, of Omaha, indicted for complicity in the robbery of $75,000 worth of diamonds from J. W. Pollock, a New York diamond salesman, on a train near Missouri Valley, Iowa, was dismissed by County Attorney Greenlee, of Montgomery county. Dennison's case was to have come up for a second trial in December, the first trial having resulted in a disagreement. The case has attracted wide attention, having been once heard in the United States Supreme Court.

FIVE KILLED IN MUTINY

Captain Was Among the Victims of the Plot.

COLORED MEN WERE IN CONTROL.

Four-masted Schooner Harry A. Berwin, Bound From Mobile, Ala., to Philadelphia, Scene of Mutiny—Three Negroes All That Remained of Crew—Captured and Taken to Southport, N. C.

Southport, N. C., (Special).—Captain Rumill and four of his crew of the four-masted schooner Harry A. Berwind were murdered in a mutiny while the vessel was bound from Mobile to Philadelphia.

The schooner Blanche H. King, Capt. J. W. Taylor, bound from Brunswick, Ga., to Philadelphia, put in Southport, bringing in irons three negroes, all that remained of the crew of the Harry A. Berwind. The captain, mate, cook and an engineer, who did hoisting work about the latter vessel, apparently had been killed in the mutiny and their bodies thrown overboard. The body of a fourth sailor, a negro, was found lying on the deck, where he too had been killed.

The Harry A. Berwind was bound to Philadelphia from Mobile, which port the vessel left September 23 early Wednesday morning. She was sighted 30 miles off the Cape Fear bar by Captain Taylor, whose attention was attracted by the reckless manner in which the ill-fated vessel was being steered, her course threatening to run down his own vessel. Captain Taylor and crew boarded the vessel and placed the negroes in irons, bringing the two vessels off the bar, when one of them was towed in by Wilmington tugs.

The Berwind being from a territory against which this city is quarantined for yellow fever, the three negroes taken from her are held at quarantine until arrangements can be made for their detention by the federal authorities.

It develops from the stories of the negroes brought in irons by the King that the mutiny arose as the result of a quarrel aboard ship early Tuesday morning about the coffee made for breakfast. The King was signaled by the Berwind, 30 miles east of Frying Pan Lightship, and in response to a signal Captain Taylor sent his mate, engineer and others on board the Berwind.

The decks of the schooner were crimson with the blood, giving evidence of a fierce encounter. The berth of the mate was spotted with blood, indicating that he was butchered in bed.

After the boarding party from the King handcuffing the mutineers on the ship, one of the negroes complained the irons were too tight and hurt him. The bracelet on the negro's arm was loosened, when the captive whipped out a pistol and shot one of his own crew. The total list of killed is four whites and one negro, the names of none of whom can be learned. The King left a prize crew aboard the Berwind.

MARKEL LOSES BIG CONTRACT.

Panama Canal Commission Annuls Agreement.

Panama, (By Cable).—The last action of the Panama Canal Commission before sailing from Colon for New York was the annulment of the contract awarded to J. E. Markel, of Omaha, Neb., for feeding and caring for the employes of the canal. The reason for this action is that Chief Engineer Stevens, through the department of materials and supplies, under Messrs. Jackson and Smith, is handling the commissaries successfully, rendering unnecessary the arrangement with Mr. Markel.

Protests made by the employes against the arrangement, it is believed, also influenced the decision.

The contract with Mr. Markel was to run five years, and it was estimated it would involve $50,000,000. Hudgins & Bumas, one of the other firms bidding for the contract, protested against the award to Mr. Markel, alleging favoritism and charging that the latter was enabled, through a leak in the office of Chairman Shonts, to gain information about the other bidders, which aided him in bidding successfully. The protest was forwarded to President Roosevelt, who referred it to Chairman Shonts for report. The President sustained Mr. Shonts and decided that the contract should stand.

Minister Sent to Jail.

Bristol, Va., (Special). — Rev. James R. Cox, the Baptist minister who was arrested at Saltville, Va., on September 5, when he was in the midst of a revival meeting there, on a charge of chicken theft, has just been adjudged guilty in the Circuit Court at Jonesboro and sentenced to serve 30 days in jail. Cox is said to be a brilliant man and highly connected in Tennessee.

Neck Broken, Walked Mile.

Cincinnati, (Special). — After falling into a Big Four gravel pit near Lawrenceburg, Ind., and breaking his neck, an Italian laborer, assisted by a friend, walked a mile to his tent, holding his head in his hands the whole distance. Physicians found that the man's neck had been fractured at the fifth vertabra. They declared that the injuries will undoubtedly prove fatal.

FINANCIAL.

Senator Elkins is said to favor the entrance of the Wabash into Washington.

It was reported that $4,000,000 gold had been engaged by Americans in Europe for import.

Union Pacific's net earnings in August increased $467,477 and Southern Pacific's increased $386,402.

"There is only one side to this market and that is the bull side," was the essence of a private dispatch to De Haven & Townsend.

Philadelphia banks have advanced the interest rate on call loans to 5 per cent. Money has not been above that figure since the autumn of 1903, when it was 6 per cent.

Gross earnings of the subsidiary companies of the Interstate Railways increased $33,237 for the month of September and $199,538 for the nine months of 1905, over the corresponding period of 1904.

Coxe Brothers, whose coal lands are said to have been bought by the Lehigh Valley Railroad, produce about 1,500,000 tons of coal amually. That is about what the Reading mines in six weeks.

LOOTING THE TREASURY

Trail of Blood and Boodle Through History of Spoliation.

Life and Honor Freely Sacrificed to Feed the Rapacity of Republican Machine Managers, Who For a Quarter of a Century Have Been Preying Upon the Industry and Energy of the People.

The history of the Pennsylvania state treasury is an ever interesting though essentially pride-chastening study for the people. For years it has been a prolific source of graft and from the time that the late Senator Quay became secretary of the commonwealth and ex-officio commissioner of the sinking fund, a "trail of blood and boodle" has marked its records. Vast surpluses were unknown a quarter of a century ago, the fiscal officers of the commonwealth having been capable if not always conscientious, so that the receipts and expenditures about balanced. But Quay soon discovered that the sinking fund was an available fountain of funds and by conspiracy with a subordinate official of the treasury he abstracted large amounts for use in speculative operations. Since the keen scent of cupidity discovered the possibilities that are in big surpluses, taxes have been multiplied to create vast balances.

In a speech delivered at Pottstown, September 23d, by Eugene C. Bonniwell, Esq., of Philadelphia, the shameful record of this pool of iniquity is fully revealed. Mr. Bonniwell said:

> The supreme issue which concerns us today is honesty. Ought the common standards ordinarily applied in society and business to be flagitiously ignored in the conduct of public affairs, and the funds of the people of Pennsylvania placed at the disposal of corrupt politicians and stock gamblers? There can be no party lines upon this proposition.
>
> No citizen professing to be reputable can support the so-called Republican ticket in this campaign simply because it is labeled Republican. John Jay, the first chief justice of the United States, aptly said that adherence to party has its limits, and they are marked and prescribed by that supreme wisdom which has united and associated true policy with honor, rectitude and self-respect.
>
> The citadel which dominates the political battlefield of Pennsylvania is the state treasury. From its vaults have issued again and again the funds that have corrupted legislatures, debauched constituencies, nourished bankrupt politicians and financed colossal gambles for the enrichment of so-called statesmen.
>
> The citizen worthy of the name who proposes to vote for the Republican nominee for state treasurer must do so on one of two grounds—either the conduct of the state treasury in the past has been of so meritorious an order as to justify the continuance of Republican control, or the character of the Republican nominee is so signally inspiriting as to make certain an honest conduct of the office despite his political affiliations. Tried by either of these tests the Republican organization hopelessly fails.

Record of Flagrant Dishonesty.

Lest the frightful trail of dishonesty and blood of wrecked homes and broken hearts has become less than a memory, permit me to recapitulate the known history of the state treasury. Within our own time when Samuel Butler, an honest man, was elected treasurer of the state of Pennsylvania, in 1879, he refused to receipt for the assets of the treasury because of the fact that $260,000 was represented by nothing more than promissory notes of certain politicians. It was never denied that this money was taken out by Matthew Stanley Quay and lost in stock speculations. When exposure became imminent Blake Walters, cashier of the state treasury, shot and killed himself.

Amos C. Noyes, the retiring treasurer, a man of such rugged honesty that he was known as "Square Timber" Noyes, took to his bed and died within a few months of a broken heart, and nothing save the action of Don Cameron in contributing the $260,000 in cash for political purposes, prevented a public scandal that should have driven the Republican administration from power. It was asserted that at that time Quay contemplated suicide.

Undeterred by the murder of these two men, in 1885 and thereafter, Quay having been elected state treasurer that year, renewed his raids on the state treasury. Following his brief term W. B. Hart was elected state treasurer and his friends have always believed that his untimely death was caused by the frightful knowledge of the condition of the state treasury.

Livesy succeeded Hart. In 1888 another colossal raid was made on the state treasury. With the assistance of A. Wilson Norris, then auditor general of Pennsylvania, Quay secured from Livesy $400,000 with which to purchase stock in a Chicago traction deal. So deeply did his connection with this case bear upon Norris that before the end of the summer of 1888 he had drunk himself to death.

The colored messenger of the state department, named Warren, who had helped Norris carry the securities to Philadelphia, was was found drowned in the Susquehanna canal, and William Livesy, in 1891, fled from the state of Pennsylvania and has never returned.

Forced to Divide the Loot.

Before he died Norris left a letter addressed to Senator Quay, requesting him to see that his widow received the $10,000 which was his share of this gigantic steal. When Quay refused Mrs. Norris placed the matter in the hands of Biddle & Ward, a distinguished firm of lawyers. The response was instant and it is a curious commentary upon the condition of affairs in Philadelphia that the gentleman who then stepped in as representing Mr. Quay, and forestalled a public scandal of overwhelming proportions, was the same gentleman who within a few months has sought to erect himself into a bulwark between outraged citizens of Philadelphia and demoralized machine politicians. That eminently respectable member of the Union League of Philadelphia, who settled the Quay case with Mrs. Norris, was Silas W. Pettit, chairman of the so-called Committee of Twenty-one, "pure and undefiled reformers within the party lines."

Through all these years had run the minor thievery. Favored banks, officered by corrupt business men, could always secure a share of the state deposits by promising to reloan a portion of them to the politicians who secured the deposits, and millions of the state's money has been for years in the absolute control of the political bankers of Pennsylvania without a return of a single cent of interest to the state treasury.

Criminal Episode of the People's Bank

In 1898 the People's Bank of Philadelphia, long known as a political institution, which served as a clearing house for machine politicians, closed its doors. Immense sums of state moneys had been placed there on deposit and loaned Republican politicians for speculation or otherwise. John S. Hopkins, the cashier, following in the footsteps of Walters, blew out his brains, and James McManes, president, stockholder and politician, made up a deficit of $600,000 to quiet a scandal; but in the dead cashier's desk were found papers which prove conclusively that Quay and others had secured state deposits to the bank in order that they might be reloaned to themselves individually. One was the famous telegram, signed M. S. Quay, dated St. Lucie, February 11, 1898: "John S. Hopkins, cashier: If you will buy and carry 1000 Met. for me, I will shake the plum tree." And a letter was found from Benjamin J. Haywood, state treasurer, showing that the plum tree had been shaken; that he had placed an additional $100,000 of state funds in the bank, and requesting the loan of a similar amount to Richard Quay, the son of the senator.

B. J. Haywood died suddenly a few weeks before the time set for his trial with Senator Quay upon the charge of criminal conspiracy. It is recent history to the people of Pennsylvania how the senior senator of this great commonwealth, brought to the bar of justice, avoided punishment for his manifold iniquities by pleading the statute of limitations.

The Philadelphia Press in 1885, in opposing the nomination of Quay for state treasurer, asserted it would take the lid from off the treasury and expose secrets before which Republicans would stand dumb. The lid has never been lifted. How much corruption seethes within its walls only the facile tools of the Republican machine can tell, unless the spectres of Noyes, Walters, Hart, Norris, Warren, Hopkins and Haywood, driven to their graves by a burden of guilt too great to bear, lend circumstantial corroboration to the stories of plunder.

Treasury Balance May Be Fictitious.

The books of the state treasury have never been audited, although the paper statements show a balance of $10,000,000 annually. No school appropriation in Pennsylvania has ever been paid until long overdue, and then only in heed of the clamoring of the district boards. Indeed, there is a grave doubt that the $10,000,000 is in the state treasury, and it may be that the state of Pennsylvania carries as a portion of that asset the personal notes, the memorandums of indebtedness and the I. O. U.'s of politicians, many of them now outlawed beyond redemption.

If the state treasurer's accounts are straight, why deny inspection to the public? Why refuse that which every honest trustee demands, an auditing of his accounts? Why select the most pliant tool in the employ of the machine for this most responsible post? If any business man were contemplating the appointment of a treasurer to handle, uncontrolled, the receipts of a great business, what sane man would select J. Lee Plummer? Upon his public record his ability is so contemptible that he has never been admitted to the councils of the Republican organization, his disposition so pliant that he served that organization as a messenger boy without inquiry as to the rights or wrongs of the orders he delivered; his record, persistently adverse to every good measure, and consistently favoring every corrupt measure. This man has made himself impossible to the most narrow partisan who holds a remnant of self-respect.

Supported Infamous Legislation.

He was an active supporter of the infamous Puhi bill, designed to cripple law and order societies in their war upon the degrading forms of vice which menace our great cities; he was a supporter of the Ehrhardt bills which actually proposed to protect the unthinkable white slave dealers in Philadelphia county. He supported the Susquehanna river grab; the Snyder water works grab; all three of the Philadelphia ripper bills; the Grady-Salus libel law; the bill authorizing the county commissioners instead of the courts of Philadelphia to appoint election officers, to further debauch election conditions in Philadelphia. The chief bill to which he was recorded in opposition was the bill to increase allowances to the township high schools.

No statement that I have made regarding Mr. Plummer is taken from any other source than the legislative record of his acts. He stands convicted upon his own record of a moral feebleness and turpitude that can be equalled only by that of any free citizen who votes for him. John Fisk, the distinguished economist, shortly before his death bemoaned "the fallen state of Pennsylvania morals, sunk in bondage to petty tyrants as cheap and vile as ever cumbered the earth." What words could be used to depict the present leaders of that once invincible organization?

Opposed to this character the honest citizens of Pennsylvania have united upon a man the antithesis of J. Lee Plummer: a man who is the head of a large and successful manufacturing establishment; an employer of labor whose voice has never been raised, save in the interest of honest government; whose character among his neighbors is so transcendant that the town of Chester, which in November, 1904, gave that magnificent president of ours, Theodore Roosevelt, a majority of 1800, elected this man mayor of that town in February by a majority of 600. That man is William J. Berry.

Lessons in Manners.

A well-known lawyer is telling a good story about himself and his efforts to correct the manners of his office boy. One morning, not long ago, relates the Brooklyn Citizen, the young autocrat of the office blew into the office and, tossing his cap at a hook, exclaimed: "Say, Mr. Blank, there's a ball game down at the park to-day and I am going down."

Now the attorney is not a hard-hearted man, and was willing the boy should go, but thought he would teach him a little lesson in good manners. "Jimmie," he said kindly, "that isn't the way to ask a favor. Now, you come over here and sit down and I'll show you how to do it." The boy took the office chair and his employer picked up his cap and stepped outside. He then opened the door softly and, holding the cap in his hand, said quietly to the small boy in the big chair: "Please, sir, there is a ball game at the park to-day. If you can spare me I would like to get away for the afternoon." In a flash the boy responded: "Why, certainly, Jimmie, and here is 50 cents to pay your way in."

There are no more lessons in manners in that office.

THE PIPES FOR HER.

Shoplifter Carries Away Over Two Thousand Six Hundred.

Recently a Parisian shoplifter was arrested and searched. To the amazement of the officials her plunder was not articles of feminine adornment, but several costly meerschaum pipes. When her apartments were searched no fewer than 2,000 pipes were found, some of which were handsomely colored. Although for a while she stoutly protested her innocence, she at last broke down and confessed that she had been addicted to the use of tobacco and suffered from a form of kleptomania which led her to steal every handsome pipe which she could make away with without discovery. She made no attempt to dispose of her pipes for profit, but kept them in cabinets in her home. Not one of the pipes, she admitted, had been paid for, but she declared that in taking them she was only obeying an irresistible impulse and was not morally responsible for her crimes.

Bees as Acrobats.

When wax is needed a certain number of self-elected citizens gorge with honey and hang up in chains or curtains, each bee clinging by her front feet to the hind feet of the one above her, like Japanese acrobats, and there they remain, sometimes for two days, until the wax scales appear pushed out from every pocket, says Country Life in America. It is not hard to understand that, since much honey is needed for the manufacture of wax, a bee after filling with the raw material would produce much more wax by keeping quiet than by using any of the gorged honey for energy in moving about and working. But the necessity of "holding hands" while this work goes on must ever remain to us another occult evidence of the close relations in the bee commune.

Here's a Fashion Tip.

A South African tailor is the inventor of a coat which may be worn the entire day without being out of place. The wearer starts out in the morning with a short-tailed coat that is quite in the proper mode, but as the afternoon draws on he feels the need of a frock and laces voluminous skirts to the short foundation. A second change is needed for dinner, but he has merely to change the skirts, and behold him in proper evening dress. The change is made by lacing, and herein lies the patent. Although the change can be quickly effected, there is no way of telling the lacing from an ordinary seam, and so long as plain black is retained the additional skirts provide the owner with three garments in one.

Size of Indian Territory.

The Indian Territory is nearly as big as Indiana. It has 20,000,000 acres of arable land, 3,000,000 acres of good timber, 2,000,000 acres under which there is oil and gas, and 800,000 acres of coal. It has not much less than 1,000,000 people by this time, large and growing towns, well-tilled farms and a good railroad system for hauling their produce.—St. Louis Republic.

Great Explosive Discovered.

Vigorite, the new explosive of Professor Shulz and Engineer Gehre of Switzerland, is a nitros compound which, united with saltpeter, has given results claimed to indicate a strength about ten times greater than that of any other explosive. In the open air it burns without exploding. It has the further advantage of being insensible to friction, shock of concussion, while it is not injured by wetting or by freezing.

Bore the Rockies.

Another attempt is to be made to bore the Rocky mountain range west of Denver, in Summit county, for a mining and railway tunnel.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

UNITY OF INTERESTS

HON. OLIVER WILSON OF ILLINOIS AT CHAUTAUQUA.

A Strong Plea For the Grange as a Factor In Advancing the Interests of All Labor Everywhere, by the Master of Illinois State Grange.

One of the strongest addresses delivered at grange field meetings the past summer was that of Hon. Oliver Wilson, master of the Illinois state grange, at Chautauqua. His theme was the essential unity of interests between toilers in city and country, and he strenuously denied the charge sometimes made that the grange had little interest in any other than farm labor.

HON. OLIVER WILSON.

"In my part of the country," said Mr. Wilson, "we have heard all sorts of things about members of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry. There is not a business or legislative undertaking of which it has not been said that the grange people were opposed to it. We have been said to be opposed to everything except that which directly contributed to our own interests. I say I believe these things have had current circulation, but I will say at the same time that I believe the American people are at last beginning to learn the truth about this organization and finding out that this is not so. We have been told that this organization has built a wall about itself to exclude the interests of all but those of the farm alone. I am fully persuaded that there is no agency at work today in any other country that is doing more to bring about this difference of affairs than the Order of Patrons of Husbandry.

"We recognize the rights of the American people as a whole. We ask no special favors; neither do we desire them granted to others. Equality before the law, whether the citizen follow the plow or work in a machine shop, is what we ask. We ask that the government shall enact such laws as will give an equal chance of earning an honest living. We ask also that conditions be such that the humblest citizen will have an opportunity to see his family provided with not only the necessities of life, but also some of the luxuries.

"I believe that the grange should have political interests. I want you to remember, however, that the politicians do not always understand politics, for I use the word in the sense in which Webster defines it, 'the science of government.' Is there any reason why an organization which represents two-fifths of the entire population of the United States should not dictate a part of the financial policy and determine how the country is in some matters vital to them to be governed?

"Our organization has not yet accomplished the object for which it was organized. It has commenced that work, but it will never have accomplished it until we see corruption banished from all high places, until we see the farms of this country yield their treasures in greater abundance than ever before, until each child of the farm has an actually practical education that will better fit him for his work."

Grange Exhibits at a Fair.

There are twenty-one granges in Orange county, N. Y., and fourteen of them had grange exhibits at the county fair at Middletown this fall. The exhibits were tastefully arranged in booths about fifteen feet square. Many of the exhibits were of great value from a historic point of view. Prizes of $50, $30 and $20 were offered by the society for the greatest variety of finest specimens of fruit, vegetables and fancy products. Walkill valley grange won first premium.

Use of the Black Ball.

Very careful use should be made of the black ball. In the first place, no candidate should be recommended against whom any reasonable objection may be known. A few tactful words may sometimes prevent trouble. But if an unsuitable name be forced to a ballot and valid objections to the candidate are known then use the black ball. And always keep in mind your obligation.

The Higher Standard.

Those who would presume to measure the work and influence of the grange by a money standard alone utterly fail to have any adequate conception of its principles and are not in sympathy with its grand and lofty mission.

Explanatory.

"Initiative and referendum" is the name applied to a system of government where people express their desire by direct vote for or against a given measure. Several state granges have passed resolutions favoring it.

A grange in Pennsylvania made a gain of 800 pounds in membership at a recent meeting. That was the combined weight of four candidates.

$100,000 PACKAGE STOLEN.

Theft From Adams Express Company in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, (Special).—The startling discovery was made that the Adams Express Company has been victimized to the extent of $100,000, supposedly through the peculations of an employe.

The following statement of the affair was given out for publication:

"At 4.15 P. M. Monday, October 9, a bank of Pittsburg delivered to the Adams Express Company at its office at 610 Wood street, Pittsburg, a package of currency containing $100,000. Of this amount $80,000 was in $100 bills, $10,000 in $50 bills and the remaining $10,000 in $5, $10 and $20 bills. The $100 and $50 bills, issue of the Farmers' Deposit National Bank of Pittsburg and the Bank of Pittsburg, N. A., were in the main entirely new; some had been slightly used. The $5, $10 and $20 bills were old currency. The package containing this large sum of money was consigned to a bank in Cincinnati, O.

"This package was received and receipted for by Edward George Cunliffe, who was then acting in the place of the regular money clerk, who was ill.

"Cunliffe left the office at the usual time in the evening, and in the morning, when he failed to report for duty, a hurried examination was made of his department and it was learned that about $1,000 of funds intrusted to his care were missing. General Agent Hiner, of the Adams Express Company, immediately called in detectives and placed the matter in their hands. Later developments brought to light the fact that in addition to $1,000 missing the bank package containing the $100,000 had not been received at the money forwarding office at Union Station, this city.

"Inquiries made at his residence, 314 Lucerne street, West End, Pittsburg, showed that Cunliffe arrived home at the customary time, and after changing his clothes bade his family good-by, saying to his wife that he was going out for the evening, and nothing further has been heard from him.

"Cunliffe has been employed by the Adams Express Company since March 1, 1904. Previous to that time he was employed in the Pittsburg service of the American Express Company, the Electric Express Company and the United States Express Company of Hartford, Conn., and bore a good reputation. He was methodical, accurate and an excellent clerk.

Mrs. Cunliffe, wife of the missing man, was visited by the detectives. She readily answered all questions concerning her husband. She said that he came home at the usual time. After eating his supper he prepared his toilet, and upon leaving the house he bade her good-by, as he was in the habit of doing. She then asked the detectives if anything had happened to him, and when told that her husband was not working at the Adams Express office and that a large sum of money was missing she went into hysterics, and is in a serious condition. The detectives learned nothing of importance at the home.

The authorities are of the opinion that Cunliffe left the city immediately after bidding his wife good-by.

1904 CROP A BIG ONE.

Exports of Cotton of Last Year's Yield Valued at $404,209,293.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—The Census Bureau issued a bulletin showing the production and distribution of the cotton of the United States available between September 1, 1904, and September 1, 1905, to be 14,455,994 bales.

The exportation amounted to 8,834,929 bales, the domestic consumption to 4,315,756 and the surplus to 1,365,309. Of the total 13,693,279 bales were included in the crop of 1904 and the remainder in that of 1905. The surplus included stocks held in mills, at ports, at interior towns and on plantations and in transit on September 1 last.

Of the quantity consumed in the United States 2,138,829 bales were used in northern mills and 2,140,151 in southern mills.

In addition to the totals given 124,469 bales of foreign cotton were imported into the United States during the year.

The exportation for the year covered exceeded that of any previous year by 1,144,452 bales and exceeded the average for the past 10 years by 2,313,948 bales. New Orleans, with a total of 1,463,421 bales, held first rank as an exporting point, but was closely pressed by Galveston, with 2,388,318 bales. Savannah, Ga., with 1,290,989 bales, held third place.

The value of the total export of raw cotton was $404,209,293.

RESCUE TWENTY FROM DEATH.

Panic at a Fire in New York Tenement Building.

New York, (Special).—Cut off from all escape, 20 persons were rescued from death in a blazing tenement in Sixth street by two unknown men and three policemen, everyone of the panic-stricken tenants being saved before the arrival of the firemen.

Hearing the alarm that followed the discovery of a fire in the hallway on the second floor two laborers at work on a gas main in the street rushed into the blazing building, and, making their way to the upper floor, helped many women and children to the fire escapes.

They were soon joined by three policemen, who stationed themselves on the escape gallaries and passed the occupants down from hand to hand until just as the fire engine arrived the last of the tenants was taken out unhurt.

The upper floors of the building were completely gutted.

A Roadside Mystery.

Haskell, I. T., (Special).—The bodies of Miss Margaret Lindsay, a school-teacher, and Joseph B. Young, a barber, were found in the road, three miles north of Haskell. There were marks of violence on the bodies, and a revolver was found near the scene. The couple were last seen alive on Sunday evening, when they drove out of Haskell in a buggy. The sheriff has found no definite clues upon which to work.

DEMOCRATIC CO. COMMITTEE--1905.

Bellefonte, N. W., J. C. Harper
" S. W., Patrick Gherrity
" W. W., George R. Meek
Philipsburg, 1st W., J. W. Lukens
" 2nd W., Ira Howe
" 3rd W., E. G. Jones
Centre Hall, D. J. Meyer
Howard, Howard Moore
Millheim, Pierce Musser
Milesburg, James Noll
South Philipsburg, Joseph Gates
Unionville, P. J. McDonnel, Fleming
State College, D. G. Meek
Benner, N. P., John F. Grove, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Grove, Bellefonte
Boggs, N. P., Ira Confer, Yarnell
" E. P., W. J. C. Barnhart, Roland
" W. P., Lewis Wallace, Milesburg
Burnside, William Hipple, Pine Glenn
College, Nathan Grove, Lemont
Curtin, R. A. Poorman, Romola
Ferguson, E. P., W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills
" W. P., Sumner Miller, Penna. Furnace
Gregg, N. P., Josiah C. Rossman, Spring Mills
" E. P., H. P. Herring, Penn Hall
" W. P., John Smith, Spring Mills
Haines, E. P., L. D. Orndorf, Woodward
" W. P., Ralph E. Stover, Aaronsburg
Halfmoon, Emory McAfee, Stormstown
Harris, John Weiland, Boalsburg
Howard, George D. Johnson, Roland
Huston, Henry Hale, Julian
Liberty, E. P., W. F. Harter, Blanchard
" W. P., Albert Bergner, Monument
Marion, J. W. Orr, Walker
Miles, E. P., H. F. McManaway, Wolfs Store
" M. P., George B. Winters, Smullton
" W. P., G. Edward Miller, Rebersburg
Patton, T. M. Huey, Waddle
Penn, W. F. Smith, Millheim
Potter, N. P., George H. Emerick, Centre Hall
" S. P., George Goodhart, Centre Hall
" W. P., James B. Spangler, Tusseyville
Rush, N. P., W. E. Frantz, Philipsburg
" E. P., Fred Wilkinson, Munson Station
" S. P., John T. Lorigan, Retort
Snow Shoe, E. P., Lawrence Bodding, Snow Shoe
" W. P., James Culver, Moshannon
Spring, N. P., C. M. Heisler, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Mullinger, Pleasant Gap
" W. P., John L. Dunlap, Bellefonte
Taylor, P. A. Hoover, Port Matilda
Union, John O. Peters, Fleming
Walker, E. P., Solomon Peck, Nittany
" M. P., John McAuley, Hublersburg
" W. P., John Cole, Zion
Worth, J. A. Williams, Port Matilda

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Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			Stations	Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5		No 6	No 4	No 2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv. Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 10	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE	9 20	5 10	9 40
7 21	2 41	6 51	Nigh	9 07	4 57	9 27
7 26	2 46	6 56	Zion	9 01	4 51	9 21
7 33	2 53	7 03	Hecla Park	8 55	4 45	9 15
7 35	2 55	7 05	Dunkles	8 53	4 42	9 13
7 39	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG	8 49	4 38	9 09
7 44	3 03	7 14	Snydertown	8 46	4 34	9 05
7 45	3 05	7 16	Nittany	8 44	4 31	9 02
7 47	3 07	7 19	Huston	8 42	4 28	9 00
7 51	3 11	7 23	LAMAR	8 39	4 25	8 57
7 53	3 13	7 25	Clintondale	8 36	4 22	8 54
7 57	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring	8 32	4 18	8 51
8 01	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville	8 28	4 13	8 46
8 07	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 07	8 40
8 10	3 30	7 42	Salona	8 20	4 05	8 38
8 15	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL	8 15	4 00	8 33
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)						
11 45	8 38		Jersey Shore	3 16		7 50
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Williamsport	Lve 2 40		7 20
12 29	11 30	Lve.	Williamsport	Arr. 2 25		6 50
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)						
7 30	6 50		PHILA	8 36		11 30
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	4 30		7 30
(Via Philad.)						
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.		P. M
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)						

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900: when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: '00" means July, 1900; '01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

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RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1 00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

STATE TREASURER:
WILLIAM H. BERRY Delaware.
JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT:
JOHN STEWART, Franklin.
JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT:
JOHN B HEAD, Westmoreland.

THE COUNTY TICKET.

SHERIFF: ELLIS S SHAFFER.
TREASURER: DR. FRANK K WHITE.
REGISTER: HARRY J JACKSON.
RECORDER: JOHN C ROWE
COMMISSIONERS: JOHN L. DUNLAP. C. A WEAVER.
AUDITORS: JAMES W. SWABB. S. H. HOY.
CORONER: DR. P. S. FISHER.

Fairbrook.

Frank Bowersox, who has been ill, is getting better.

George Smith, who has been very sick from typhoid fever, is on the road to recovery.

John B. Goheen and wife spent last week with their son, Dr. George B. Goheen, at Coleport.

Mrs. Martha Gardner, formerly of this place, but now living in Tyrone, is suffering from a severe fall.

Wm. Gates is having his home at Baileyville repaired. A new roof is being put on and several new porches added.

The village blacksmith, William Collins, is suffering from a broken rib, and has not been able to work for some time. He expects help in a day or two.

The United Brethren church is being repainted—white with dark trimmings. The interior will be repainted later. Josiah Zeigler, of Pleasant Gap, is doing the work.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Kimport visited relatives in Kishacoquillas Valley, beginning of the week. They spent most of the time with Sterrit and Jane Gilliland, who had been ill, but are improving.

George Grimes, lumberman at Oak Hall, had a horse die under rather peculiar circumstances last Sunday. The animal had been sick and Dr. Jones, of Bellefonte, was called and prescribed for its ailments. In the evening the beast walked to Boalsburg and then lay down and died.

Saturday evening Past Grand W. H. Fry assisted by Past Grands Goss, Krebs, Walker, Tate and Walker, installed the officers of Penns Valley Lodge, I. O. O. F. No. 276, for the ensuing year. The names of the officers follow: N. G., Walter H. Weaver; V. G., John Reish; Treas., J. G. Heberling; financial sec., M. E. Heberling; recording sec., Harry Walker; chaplain, Dr. R. M. Krebs; warden, W. H. Fry; conductor, J. B. Heberling; R. S. to N. G., J. W. Fry; L. S. to N. G., Harry Sunday; R. S. to V. G., Geo. Rossman; L. S. to V. G., Charles Meyers; R. S. S., Ellery Parsons; L. S. S., John Everhart; I. S. G., Harry McCracken; O. S. G., John E. Bressler; representative to Grand Lodge, G. E. Harper; trustee, Wm. H. Fry.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. J. H. Ross is suffering from tonsilitis.

Ellen and Teressine Kimport, of Bellefonte, visited their uncle.

J. Sumner Miller and wife were guests of relatives here over Sunday.

Robert Miller and family, of Tyrone, are visiting at the home of George W. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralston and family, of Lemont, spent Sunday at the home of William Tate.

John Hoffman, of Altoona, spent some time with F. E. Wieland last week.

John Rossman had charge of the railroad office during the absence of Ticket Agent Bradford and George Meyer on a hunting expedition.

The social at the McFarlane home netted the Presbyterians twenty-two dollars.

From last week.

Mr. and Mrs. David Frantz went to Altoona to take charge of a boarding-house for a railroad contractor.

Jacob Weber and son are painting the new barn on J. J. Tressler's farm.

Mrs. Lizzie Ross returned from a six weeks' visit at the home of her daughter, Mrs. P. Bliss Meyer, at Woodford, Virginia. She also spent some time with her brother and friends in Lebanon county.

Mrs. Rachael Crotty, of Lewistown; Mr. and Mrs. Lee Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Brooks, of Pleasant Gap, visited at the home of Wm. Brooks.

Harris Township.

The spelling bee was a great success Thirty persons took part ranging in age from twelve to sixty-seven years. Harry Keller, of Bellefonte, out-spelled all the others; his grandfather, Col. D. S. Keller, deceased, of Boalsburg, during his younger days was accounted the best speller in this section. Miss Flora Murray stood next to Mr. Keller, and Howard Bricker proved the best speller in the High School.

W. A. Baumgardner moved his saw mill from Nittany Mountain to the lumber tract near the Bellefonte Central railroad, owned by Hiram Thompson.

S. E. Weber paid a short visit to his brother, P. M. Weber, at Huntingdon, last week.

Roland Young, one of the little news boys, is feeling quite happy as he received a gold (?) watch from the Williamsport Grit Publishing Company for selling papers.

Mrs. Daniel Martz and daughter Anna, of Altoona, are visiting here.

Miss Bessie Sones while carrying a bucket of water, fell and broke her wrist.

The Reformed people at Pine Grove Mills, are having their church repainted, both the interior and the outside.

P. S. Ishler returned Monday from a business trip to West Virginia.

Mrs. Wm. Stoner and daughter May and Miss Clara Rishel spent Sunday in Pine Grove Mills.

Harry Shirk bought a gasoline engine, manufactured by the International Harvester Co., Chicago. Also a Deering corn husker and f dder shredder.

Rev. and Mrs. Charles T. Aikens visited at the home of Michael Segner on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker Shutt attended the funeral of the latter's sister, Mrs. Calvin Lose, at Pleasant Gap, Wednesday of last week.

Levi Segner, with his family, moved from Boalsburg to State College on Wednesday.

Rocking chairs free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Arthur Lee and sister, Miss Ruth Swabb, of Tusseyville, made a short visit to their mother, Mrs Kizzie Swabb.

Samuel Keister and Miss Kinsell, of Altoona, were the guests of Frank Burd over Sunday.

Miss Ardrena Harman has gone to spend some time with friends at State College.

C. C. Smull, of Smullton, and Wash. Shaffer, of Madisonburg, were guests of Jesse Wert.

David Summers, who is employed at Monessen, is visiting his aged parents, in this place.

Wesley Coyle, accompanied by his mother, visited at the home of Samuel Gettig, at Spring Bank, on Sunday.

Mrs. Stella Charles Feidler, of Harleton, is visiting her Aunt Beckie Charles.

Misses Tammie and Mazie Haffley spent a few days last week at Niagara Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Musser returned from a pleasant visit among friends in Union county.

Mrs. Orndorf, of Millheim, and Dwight Stover and mother visited Polly Stover on Sunday.

Misses Lizzie Condo and Miriam Keister are spending some time with friends in Sugar Valley.

E R. Wolf spent Saturday at his home, at Wolf's Store, helping to husk corn.

Merchant John Detwiler and wife spent part of the Sabbath with the latter's parents, near Penn Hall.

Stoves—all kinds, but poor ones—Smith Brothers, Spring Mills.

Nittany Mountain.

George Noll, wife and baby are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs A. G. Noll.

The family of William Walker, west of Centre Hall, is very much afflicted, three of the members being under the doctor's care.

Tone Noll moved his saw mill to the Sand spring, where he will saw for James Swabb who purchased the Tressler timber tract, containing over ninety acres.

Will Parker is a busy man these days, husking corn, picking apples, cutting wood, etc.

Don't break your back over a wash tub—use Wash-Easy.

Woodward.

S. M. Motz, Cleveland Snyder and Mrs. Anna Showalter are on the sick list.

Mrs. J. H. Williams and son Fred, of Centre Hall, visited the lady's sister, Mrs. Wolfe, a few days last week.

Mr. Miller, of Lewistown, is visiting his uncle, Abram Treaster.

Mrs. Wolfe is visiting her brother, Howard Miller, at Rebersburg.

Miss Sadie Walter is spending a few weeks with friends in Union county.

Wilson S. Ard was to Coburn last week.

T. B. Motz and wife, of Coburn, were to see the former's aged father.

Clocks free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

LOCALS.

Read the Hardware adv. of John I. Olewine, Bellefonte.

The Free Library, Grange Arcadia, will be open to the public Saturday evening from 7 to 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Mary Rearick and daughter, Miss Savilla, are in Mifflinburg, where they are the guests of Mrs. Herlacher.

J. Rush McClintic, of Spring Mills, left Wednesday morning of last week for Philadelphia, where he remained a few days attending to important business affairs.

Wild turkeys and pheasants may now be legally killed, but not more than one turkey by one person in one day, (four in a season) and not more than four pheasants in one day.

The school board of College township reopened the Thompson school, with Miss Margaret Musser as teacher. During the past month the children in that district were conveyed to the Centre Furnace school.

H. G. Strohmeier, the enterprising marble cutter and dealer, of Centre Hall, went to Altoona and Tyrone Friday, returning Monday. He was looking up trade in his line, and came back with several orders for monuments.

Andrew Swartz, of Orangeville, Illinois, who had been visiting in Penns Valley for several weeks, has returned home. Mr. Swartz, through his industry and business tact has secured a competency, and his counsel is sought on every hand.

Smith Brothers, Spring Mills, advertise furniture, wall paper and stoves. They have a large stock in each line. You will do well to give their place of business a call if in need of anything in their line. If you can't call in person, ring them up by telephone, over the Bell or Commercial lines, and they will come to see you.

During the temporary absence of Agent W. L. Campbell from the Spring Mills railroad station, his position is being filled by John Kessinger, of Lykens. Mr. Kessinger is a genteel young man, and thoroughly acquainted with railroad office work, such as is found for station masters to perform. When at Lykens he is chief clerk under W. S. Musser, formerly agent at Spring Mills.

An important industry at Hayes Station, on the Beech Creek railroad, is the Hayes Run Brick Works, that being the title of the company, the principal stock holder being Judge Orvis after whom the postoffice at that place is named. The products of the works are fire brick and high grade building brick. Both the bricks are superior in every way, and the company finds ready sale for the entire output.

Eugene C. Bell Dead.

Eugene C. Bell, of New York, died recently of lung trouble. Mr. Bell came to Centre Hall more than a year ago to manufacture bathtub fixtures, but the delicate condition of his health never permitted his beginning operations.

Pin Prick Kills Woman Aged 100.

Mrs. Matilda Scott, of Belleville, Mifflin county, died Thursday of last week from cancer caused by the prick of a pin on the forehead a few months ago. Mrs. Scott was one hundred years old and was the second oldest woman in central Pennsylvania. She was the mother of twelve children, seven of whom fought for the Union.

Wash-Easy does your washing while you sleep.

The fellow who shoots off his mouth isn't necessarily loaded.

Ayer's

Doctors first prescribed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral over 60 years ago. They use it today more than ever. They

Cherry Pectoral

rely upon it for colds, coughs, bronchitis, consumption. They will tell you how it heals inflamed lungs.

"I had a very bad cough for three years. Then I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. My sore lungs were soon healed and my cough dropped away."
MRS. PEARL HYDE, Guthrie Centre, Ia.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Old Coughs

One Ayer's Pill at bedtime insures a natural action next morning.

A Judicious Inquiry.

A well known traveling man who visits the drug trade says he has often heard the druggists inquire of customers who asked for a cough medicine, whether it was wanted for a child or for an adult, and if for a child they almost invariably recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The reason for this is that they know there is no danger from it and that it always cures. There is not the least danger in giving it, and for coughs, colds and croup it is unsurpassed. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Two Fine Farms.
Tract of Timber Land.
Two Dwellings in Centre Hall.
Two Vacant Lots in Centre Hall.

The undersigned, executors of Rebecca Sparr, deceased, late of Harris township, Centre county, Pa., will offer at public sale

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1905 Ten O'Clock, at Penns Valley Bank, Centre Hall, Pa.

Eight parcels of real estate located in Potter township and Centre Hall borough, briefly described as follows:

FARM OF 150 ACRES

TRACT NO. 1—One of the best farms in Penns Valley, located a mile east of Centre Hall, containing about one hundred and fifty acres. Thereon erected good brick dwelling house, bank barn, pig pen, two wagon sheds, corn crib and other out buildings. There is also on the premises a good orchard and spring of water

FARM OF 100 ACRES

TRACT NO. 2—Good farm, known as the Daniel Fleisher farm, located in Potter township, east of Tusseyville; containing about one hundred acres. Thereon erected good two-story frame dwelling house, bank barn, pig pen, wagon shed and other out buildings There is good fruit, and water piped to house and barn.

DWELLING HOUSE AND BUSINESS STAND

NO. 3 Property located on Main street, Centre Hall, thereon erected two buildings, one occupied as dwelling and other as post office and tin shop; good stable and fruit on same.

GOOD BRICK DWELLING HOUSE

NO. 4 Located on Main street, Centre Hall borough, one of the best locations in Centre Hall. Thereon erected good brick dwelling house, brick barn and other out buildings, all in good condition, with good fruit on the lot.

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE

NO. 5 Two story frame dwelling, located in Centre Hall borough, about a square from the station; good summer kitchen, stable and fruit also on the premises.

VACANT LOT IN CENTRE HALL

NO. 6—Vacant lot for building purposes, located near Centre Hall station. This is a fine location for a dwelling house.

DWELLING HOUSE AND STORE ROOM

NO 7—Large two-story frame dwelling house with good store room in same, good location; near Centre Hall station.

32 ACRES OF TIMBER LAND

TRACT NO. 8 Thirty-two acres of good timber land, located a mile south west of Tusseyville, on banks of Sinking creek; well timbered.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. on day of sale, one-half of purchase money on first day of April, 1906; balance one year from first of April, 1906, deferred payment to be secured by bond and mortgage,

W. B. MINGLE,
CYRUS BRUNGART,
Executors, Centre Hall, Pa.

VALUABLE

Real Estate at Public Sale

OCTOBER 27; 1 P. M.

By virtue of a decree issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre county in the estate of Michael Spicher, Sr., deceased, the undersigned executors will offer at public sale, on the premises, one and one-half miles west of Centre Hall, Centre county, Pa., on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1905, 1 P. M.

the following described real estate:

A fine farm, containing two hundred and fifteen acres, of which six acres are well timbered, situate in the township of Potter, county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

The one thereof, Beginning at a post in the public road leading from Old Fort to Boalsburg, thence south 36 1-4 degrees east 79 perches to stone, south 30 1-4 degrees east 33 6-10 perches to post; also corner of lands devised to John Spicher, thence by same lands south 51 1-4 degrees, west 79 3-10 perches to post at corner of lands of George M. Boal; thence by lands of George Boal north 38 3-4 degrees, west 114 3-10 perches to post in public road aforesaid; thence along said road south 50 1-2 degrees, west 10 perches to post; thence by George Boal's land north 38 3-4 degrees, west 80 perches to post at corner of land of Leonard Rhone; thence by said Rhone's lands north 52 degrees, east 100 perches to post in public road leading to Brush Valley; thence along said road south 43 degrees, east 9 5-10 perches, north 58 degrees, east 12 1-10 perches to post; thence by land devised to Sarah Snyder south 36 degrees, east 63 perches; thence by land devised to John Spicher south 52 3-4 degrees, west 10 9-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 113 acres 38 perches neat measure. The other thereof: Beginning at a stone in the Old Fort and Boalsburg road corner of lands devised to Catherine and Michael Spicher, thence along said north 52 3-4 degrees, east 85 2-10 perches to corner of lands of Lafayette Neff; thence by Neff's land south 41 3-4 degrees, east 142 perches; thence by lands late of John Stoner south 48 1-2 degrees, west 18 perches; thence north 42 1-2 degrees, west 14 8-10 perches; thence by same and lands of Love heirs south 63 1-2 degrees, west 83 1-10 perches to post; thence by lands of Love heirs south 22 1-2 degrees, east 82 9-10 perches to post at corner of lands of Jacob Wagner; thence by lands of said Wagner south 69 1-4 degrees, west 58 6-10 perches to post at corner of lands of George M. Boal; thence by lands of said Boal north 38 3-4 degrees, west 62 perches to post, corner of lands devised to said Michael and Cath rine Spicher north 51 1-2 degrees, east 78 1-10 perches to post, north 30 1-4 degrees, west 33 6-10 perches to stone and north 36 1-4 degrees, west 79 perches to post in public road, the place of beginning, containing 102 acres 6 perches neat measure.

Thereon erected a good two-story stone dwelling house, bank barn, wagon shed and other outbuildings.

This property is located in what is known as Penns Valley, which has the most fertile and productive soil in this part of the State. The land is in a high state of cultivation; fences in good repair; two cisterns and well of lime-stone water at door; orchard of choice fruit; school within one-half mile, and church within two miles. Property will be sold in two parts, or as a whole, to suit purchasers.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. cash when the property is struck down, the balance of one-third upon confirmation of sale, one-third in one year and the balance one-third in two year. Deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with interest.

JOHN H SPICHER, Centre Hall.
MICHAEL SPICHER, Bellefonte,
Ex'rs of Michael Spicher, Sr., dec'd.
W. G. Runkle, Att'y, Bellefonte.

CAUTION—All persons are hereby notified not to sell to my wife, Ida M. Griffith, any goods, etc., as I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by her, she having left her bed and board without cause or provocation, on September 14, 1905.

SAMUEL H GRIFFITH, JR.,
September 30, 1905 Tusseyville Pa.

SWEATERS

V-Necked Sweaters—Merion Brand—Men's and Boys, all sizes. Colors: White, Blue, Drab, Fawn, and Red, Men's Turtle-necked Sweaters—for continuous out-door labor. Ladies' Fine White Woolen Blouses. Ladies' ready made Wrappers, woolen Flannels suitable for Dresses and Shirts.

Linoleums, Etc.

Oil Cloths, Horse Blankets. In fact, everything kept in a first-class Country Store. Produce taken in exchange.

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

Letter to B. D Brisbin.

Centre Hall, Pa.

Dear Sir: Good yarn: How we got our agent at Delhi, N. Y.

Gladstone & Paine were agents for ——— ——; we mustn't tell names. We wanted 'em. Paine was painting his big Colonial house. Said it took ten gallons of white for the trim.

We sent him ten gallons and said: if you get it all on, no pay; if you have any left, return it and pay for the rest. Agreed.

He returned four gallons and took the agency. Four or five years ago. He knows now that his old paint was and is adulterated; that's why it took ten gallons to equal six of ours.

Go by the name; there is but one name to go by: Devoe lead-and-zinc.

Yours truly
F. W. DEVOE & Co,
43 New York

Sick headache is caused by a disordered condition of the stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Foxy Chairman Phil. D. Foster was on the south side of Centre county Monday. Wonder whether he has a notion to recommend the closing of a postoffice, and then try to pull the boys together by promising to re-establish it. Small business, but it is practiced.

LOCALS.

Ask your grocer for Wash-Easy.

Hardware—John I. Olewine, Bellefonte.

Lace curtains free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

Three to four cents worth of Wash-Easy does your washing.

A woman never feels comfortable in new shoes unless they hurt her.

A. J. Graden has moved from Seanor, Somerset county, to Yeagertown.

Smith Brothers, Spring Mills, passed through Centre Hall, Wednesday, on the way to Nittany Valley, with a large load of furniture, washing machines, etc.

The Spring Mills painter, P. R. Auman, is painting the house of John Krumrine, at State College. Both the exterior and interior of the dwelling are being touched with the brush.

Rugs free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

How to Cure Corns and Bunions.

First, soak the corn or bunion in warm water to soften it; then pare it down as closely as possible without drawing blood and apply Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice daily, rubbing it vigorously for five minutes at each application. A corn plaster should be worn a few days to protect it from the shoe. As a general liniment for sprains, bruises, lameness and rheumatism, Pain Balm is unequaled. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

We are After You

We want you to buy your Shoes of us. We will make it an object for you. We will help you . . .

Furnish Your Home Free

We are adding a free premium department to our Store. Something that has never been done by any store in Centre county. Our premiums will be of a kind that will help you furnish your home; premiums that you will not have to buy a large amount to get. Rugs, Rocking Chairs, Pictures, Lace Curtains, Clocks, Silverware—articles that will make your home cozy.

They will be given away free if you buy Shoes of us.
Why not buy from the Store that helps you.
Premium Rooms open for your inspection at all times.

YEAGER & DAVIS

The Shoe Money Savers
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

1905 Fall and Winter Season 1906

Grand opening in Clothing from the House of Kuppenheimer.

Hats from Guyer and No Name Co's.

Ties from James R. Keiser.

Shirts from Manhattan and New Columbia.

Underwear direct from the Manufacturers.

Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases.

Gloves from Fownes.

Full Lines of Athletic Goods from Spaldings

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Ayer's Pills Keep them in the house. Take one when you feel bilious or dizzy. They act directly on the liver. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

STOP THAT COUGH with JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

An almost infallible remedy for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, known and used the world over for almost a century.

LEG ALMOST SEVERED.

Axe in Brother's Hand Leaves Handle and Shoots Twenty Feet.

A peculiar and serious accident happened on Nittany Mountain Thursday of last week in which the leg of James Calahan was almost severed at a point below the knee The young man was sawing with a cross cut saw and was in a stooping position. Twenty or more feet distant was his brother, John Calahan, chopping a log, when the axe came loose from the handle, and like an arrow shot in a direct line.

The polished steel struck young Calahan at a point below and back of the knee, separating the muscles, popliteal artery and the small bone, or tibia.

The injured man's companions did what they could to check the flow of blood, and dispatched one of their number for Dr. J. R. G. Allison, who summoned to his aid Dr. H S. Braucht. It was with great difficulty that the flow of blood was checked, but finally the artery was taken up.

Although suffering from loss of blood, Mr. Calahan's condition is very favorable.

The accident occurred at the Bilger lumber operations, near the school house, on top of Nittany Mountain.

Millinery Opening at Tusseyville.

Mrs. M. C. Ishler announces that upon her return from Philadelphia, where she is now buying goods, the ladies are invited to call and examine her complete stock of millinery goods. Her selection this fall will be larger, better and more stylish than heretofore. No trouble to show goods; call early, and see the entire stock.

The Van Valzah Farm Sold.

The Van Valzah farm, west of Centre Hall, was recently sold to Boyd Noll, of Zion, for $4550 This farm was occupied by the Heckmans for a number of years, until last spring. The present tenant is Mr. Walker.

LOCALS.

Wash-Essy saves work, money and c'othes.

Last week's rain put the grain fields in fine condition.

If you need a stove, call on Smith Brothers, Spring Mills.

Granulated sugar five and one-half cents—C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

Rev. H. W. Buck, of New Freedom, filled the appointment in the United Evangelical church Sunday evening.

Will Stover, of Freeport, Illinois, is east on a visit to friends and relatives in Penns Valley. He is looking the picture of health

Silverware—knives, forks, spoons, cake baskets, water pitchers, sugar bowls, cream pitchers free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

Mrs B H. Arney, of Centre Hall, and Mrs. A. Miles Arney and little daughter, of Bellefonte, Saturday went to Altoona to visit friends.

James A. Keller, secretary of the Grange Fire Insurance Company, last week, made a trip to Huntingdon county to adjust a loss caused by lightning.

G. H. McClintic, of Fort Wayne, Ind., and C. A. McClintic, of Pittsburg, accompanied by Misses Edith and Blanche Naginey, of Milroy, spent a few days with James A. McClintic, at Spring Mills.

Rev. James W. Boal, D. D., is attending the Presbyterian Synod in session at Greensburg. Before returning he will go to Williamsport where he will preach Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham and little son, of Pittsburg, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gingerich, west of Centre Hall. Mr. Cunningham is a moulder by trade, but is tiring of laboring in the large foundries.

Boyd Spicher, one of the rural mail carriers from Bellefonte, and Miss Emma Tressler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Tressler, of Pleasant Gap, were quietly married Wednesday evening of last week at the home of the bride's parents.

Mrs. W. C. Cunningham, of Grand Island, Nebraska, was the guest of her sister-in-law Mrs J Shannon Boal, in this place. Mrs Cunningham is a native of Huntingdon county. Her daughter is the wife of Hon. Howard Kennedy, Jr., a district judge in Omaha, Nebraska.

A representative Democrat of Gregg township, M. B. Herring, Esq., was a pleasant caller the latter part of last week. He is warming up in the campaign, and, like all others who have looked into the county finances, has arrived at the conclusion that it is time to place men in the commissioners' office who have ability to economically conduct the county's affairs.

In another column will be found the advertisement of John I Olewine, the hardware dealer, on High Street, Bellefonte. Mr Olewine is thoroughly acquainted with the hardware business, and keeps on hand a most complete line of goods. There is no class of goods that fluctuates more in price than does hardware, but when you deal with Mr. Olewine you may feel assured that you are receiving not only the best makes, the latest improved tools, etc., but the best prices for the day.

LOCALS.

Turn to the inside pages of the Reporter.

The first snow squawl of the season was on hand Thursday morning of last week.

The next regular State Grange meeting will be held in Sunbury, convening December 12.

A California trout, twenty-eight inches in length and weighing almost seven pounds, was captured in Logan branch, near Nittany furnace.

C. W. Slack, assistant postmaster at Centre Hall, will become tenant on the Old Fort farm, owned by W. Frank Bradford, succeeding John C. Kuhn.

Mrs. M. C. Ishler, of Tusseyville, was called to Overbrook, near Philadelphia, on account of the illness of her daughter, Miss Gertrude, who is attending school at that place. In another column Mrs. Ishler announces her millinery opening.

Kate Jordan is one of the best short-story writers in this country. To the November Smart Set she contributes what is undoubtedly her finest piece of work, under the alluring title, "Unseen of Men." James Huneker is the author of another striking story of France, called "The Tragic Wall," which is remarkable for its originality of theme and its technique.

Robert Gorman, of Philadelphia, was a caller at the Reporter office Monday on his way to Bellefonte. He was accompanied by Mrs. Gorman, and H. H. Hughes, Past Grand Patriarch of the Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., and were traveling in an auto, having come by rail as far as Lewistown. The party was delighted with the scenery across the Seven Mountains and Penns Valley. Mr. Gorman is foreman in a large publishing house, and is also up in Odd Fellowship, being secretary of the Home for Orphans of Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania.

After living in the west for fifty years, Mr. and Mrs. James Irvin, of Gardner, Kansas, are east among friends, spending a part of the time with John Davis, at Linden Hall. Mr. Irvin went west from the Carson farm, at the head of Georges Valley, and has been engaged in farming. The Pennsylvania Valleys have great charm for Mr Irvin, after so long an absence, and he was convinced that his boyish eyes correctly measured the great girth of many old trees. To corroberate his tales of the weeping willows, the huge chestnut trees, etc., when he returns to his western home, he will take with him correct measurements. Mr Irvin is a son of John Guyar Irvin, who will be remembered by the older residents of Penns Valley.

Presbyterian Synod.

MR SMITH:—I am a commissioner to our Synod, and give for your paper a few facts and figures that may be of interest to some of your readers:

The Presbyterian Synod of Pennsylvania meets in the First Presbyterian church, Greensburg, Thursday, 19th inst. This is a representative body, each Presbytery in the Synod being entitled to a certain number of commissioners, according to the number of ministers and churches in the respective Presbyteries. The Synod embraces the entire state. It has 21 Presbyteries, 1127 ministers, 4824 elders, 1150 deacons, 233,517 members, 213,586 Sabbath school members. The entire church has 33 Synods. For congregational expenses there was contributed during the past year $2,887,186; for Home and Foreign Missions the amount given was $537,387, while the sum contributed by the whole church to these two objects—Home and Foreign Missions—was $2,427,918; amount given by the entire church during the past year, ending April 30th, was $18,638,750. Respectfully,

JAS W. BOAL

Milroy Rebekahs Visit Here.

Twenty-six members of the Butler Rebekah Lodge, Milroy, Tuesday evening, visited the local Rebekah Lodge at Centre Hall to witness the conferring of the degree of Rebekah, after which refreshments were served. The names of the visiting members follow:

Mrs. McClintic, Mrs. Buchanan, Miss Nonna McNitt, Miss Jennie Krise, Miss Carrie Cottle, Miss Fannie Longwell, Miss Maude S. Kissler, Miss Mary Aurand, Miss Lizzie Aikens, Mrs. Minnie Riden, Mrs. Rhoda Rossman, Mrs. Rhoda Archey, Miss Sallie McNitt, Miss Rachel Hartman, Mrs. Emma Pecht, Mrs. Jennie Brown, Mrs. Gertie Miller, McG. B. Riden, Peter Romig, Ralph McNitt, Wilson Dellet, John Archey, Mr. Buchanan, William Rossman, Miss Margaret Aurand.

House-Warming.

Congressman Solomon R Dresser sends the Reporter the following note:

It gives me pleasure to inform my friends of Centre, Cameron, Clearfield and McKean counties that I will give a House-Warming at my new residence in Bradford, on Thursday, October 26, 1905, and cordially invite you all to be present.

As no personal invitations have been issued, I hope that all who can will attend. Truly yours,

S. R. DRESSER.

Beautiful pictures free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

DEATHS.

MRS. EVA MINGLE

Mrs. Eva Mingle died in Aaronsburg, Monday, 16th inst., aged eighty-two years, eight months and five days. Interment was made this (Thursday) forenoon, at Aaronsburg, services being held in the Reformed church, of which denomination the deceased and her family were lifelong members.

Mother Mingle was of a modest and retiring disposition, a loving mother, a good neighbor, always remembering the poor; an humble follower of the Savior, living the teachings of her favorite text in Jeremiah 38:1, "Set thine house in order, for thou shalt die and not live."

The deceased was the widow of the late H. A. Mingle, Esq, of Aaronsburg, who died in 1891, and was the daughter of Henry and Sarah Bower. The latter came to Centre county about the year 1800. Mrs. Mingle was married about sixty-two years ago, and started housekeeping in the same house in which she died. Physically the deceased was never very strong, and for the past few years was an invalid, not having left her room during the last six years of her life. During this time she was cared for by her son (Edward G Mingle) and family, who lived with the aged mother.

The deceased was the mother of seven sons, two of whom died in infancy; living are W. B. Mingle, Esq, Centre Hall; Dr. D. H. Mingle, Maxwell, Iowa; Thomas J. Mingle, Minneapolis, Minn.; A. C. Mingle, Bellefonte; Edward G. Mingle, Aaronsburg.

MRS. ALEXANDER SHANNON.

Isabella, daughter of Amos and Elizabeth Royer, was born in Centre county, Pennsylvania, January 1, 1834, died October 8, 1905, aged seventy-one years, nine months and eight days; was married to Alexander Shannon March 20, 1856. Her parents, only brother and two sisters preceded her to another world, one sister surviving, residing in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Shannon with her husband and four children moved from Centre Hall to Lena, Illinois, in May 1873, from there to Smith county, Kansas, March, 1886, onto what was later dubbed and now known as Shannon's Walnut Grove Farm. Her health giving way retired to quiet life and home in Smith Center, Kansas, January 1, 1902, where her health still became more and more impaired until the end came, and she peacefully passed away at 10:30 A. M., Sunday, October 8 1905, entering upon a new and better life in another world. She is survived by her husband, Alexander Shannon, Esq, and four children, namely: John H., of the Walnut Grove Farm; Sadie J., at home; Maggie, (Mrs. T. S. Terry) of Downs, Kansas, and Orris W., of San Francisco, Cal., all of whom with the granddaughter, Allie Terry, were present and faithfully ministered to the care and comfort of their patient, faithful and loving mother during the last few weeks of her suffering.

Mrs. Shannon was a devoted daughter, affectionate sister, loving wife and mother, endowed with a true, consistent christian spirit. She was a member of the Evangelical Lutheran church for many years. Upon moving to Kansas, where there was no church of her choice, by letter, she was admitted and became a member of the congregational church in Smith Center.

MRS. ELIZABETH McWILLIAMS.

After an illness of two weeks from pneumonia, Mrs. Elizabeth McWilliams, of near Graysville, died Sunday morning. She had previously been in good health, and her death was a blow to all who knew her.

The deceased was a daughter of James and Sallie Sample, of Pine Grove Mills, where she was born February 2, 1825.

February 6, 1844, she was united in marriage to W. B. McWilliams. A few years later they moved to their home, near Graysville, which home has since become noted for its hospitality and good cheer.

Surviving her is one sister, Mrs. Hugh A. McGunnigal, also the following children: Cyrus B., of Altoona; George, of Graysville; Wm. B. of Cherry Valley, Ill.; Mrs. J. C. Goheen, of Tyrone; Mrs. Robert G Goheen, of Baileyville; Mrs. Wm. G. Gardner, of Rock Springs; James and Mary, at home.

MRS. SARAH AUMAN.

Mrs. Sarah Auman, relict of Peter Auman, died at the home of Peter Confer, in Millheim, of dropsy and other diseases incident to old age. Deceased, whose maiden name was Sarah Zerby, was born in Gregg township seventy-nine years ago She has left to survive three sons, Fred, Noah and John, and one daughter, Susan, of Poe valley. Mrs. Susan Wert, of Penn township, a twin sister; Mrs. Hannah Confer, of Millheim, a sister, and William Zerby, a brother, of Gregg township, also survive. Funeral services were held from the house of Peter Confer, conducted by Rev. I. N. Bair. Interment was made at Millheim.

AUSTIN D. BREW.

Austin D. Brew, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Brew, formerly of Bellefonte, but now of Pittsburg, died at their home in East Pittsburg. Death was the result of consumption. His age was twenty-five years.

Marriage Licenses.

Benjamin F. Graden, Salona.
Bessie A. Young, Bellefonte.

Miles Shoffner, Philipsburg.
Flora D. Smith, Philipsburg.

Boyd A. Spicher, Pleasant Gap.
Mary E. Tressler, Pleasant Gap.

Calvin E. Faust, Altoona.
Lula E. Rine, Bellefonte.

John Noland, Philipsburg.
Amelia A. Leslie, Philipsburg.

William M. Lucas, Dagus Mines.
Eliza Williams, Howard.

Frank T Wallace, Milesburg.
Martha Parsels, Milesburg.

Victor R. Lutz, Zion.
Lizzie Hazel, Zion.

The man who acquires a reputation is apt to ride it to death.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall this week, Friday, October 20.

I. O. O. F. Officers.

B. D. Brisbin installed the following officers of the local order of Odd Fellows, at their last meeting: Noble Grand, Robert Bloom; Vice Grand, Andrew Gregg Noll; Secretary, George W. Smith; Treasurer, John H. Puff.

Insomnia and Indigestion Cured.

"Last year I had a very severe attack of indigestion. I could not sleep at night and suffered most excruciating pains for three hours after each meal. I was troubled this way for about three months when I used Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and received immediate relief," says John Dixon, Tullamore, Ontario, Canada. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

...The Index...
Bellefonte, Pa.

If you watch this space every week you will find out about our New Fall Goods as they come in, and our special prices on bargain goods as they go out.

There are many new things in a good Stationery Store that will interest you, and we intend to let you know of them in this space. If you find them here and are not coming to Bellefonte, try us in a mail or telephone order.

...The Index...

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect May 28, 1905.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.30 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.28 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3 (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M. - Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Emporium, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.29 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD.				STATIONS.	EASTWARD.		
P M	A M	P M			P M	A M	P M
1 38	5 40	5 32		Montandon	8 05	9 15	4 45
1 48	6 30	5 40		Lewisburg	7 55	9 05	4 55
1 55	6 38	5 48		Biehl	6 26	8 58	4 27
2 00	6 42	5 52		Vicksburg	6 20	8 53	4 22
2 10	6 50	6 00		Mifflinburg	6 10	8 45	4 14
2 23	7 02			Millmont		8 33	4 02
2 32	7 09			Glen Iron		8 26	3 54
3 04	7 40			Paddy Mountain		8 00	3 25
3 15	7 50			Coburn		7 50	3 15
3 21	7 57			Zerby		7 43	3 06
3 31	8 05			Rising Springs		7 35	2 58
3 37	8 11			Penn Cave		7 28	2 51
3 44	8 18			Centre Hall		7 22	2 44
3 50	8 24			Gregg		7 17	2 38
3 57	8 31			Linden Hall		7 10	2 31
4 01	8 35			Oak Hall		7 06	2 26
4 05	8 39			Lemont		7 02	2 22
4 09	8 43			Dale Summit		6 57	2 17
4 18	8 52			Pleasant Gap		6 48	2 08
4 21	8 55			Axemann		6 45	2 05
4 25	9 00			Bellefonte		6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m, 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Week Days.

EASTWARD.				STATIONS.		WESTWARD		
6	4	2			1	3	5	
PM.	P. M	A M	Ar.	Lv.	A M	A M	P M	
6 30	12 50	8 50		Bellefonte	6 30	10 15	3 00	
6 10	12 40	8 40		Coleville	6 35	10 20	3 07	
6 07	12 37	8 37		Morris	6 38	10 23	3 12	
6 03	12 35	8 35		Stevens	6 43	10 27	3 17	
6 00	12 31	8 31		Hunters	6 46	10 30	3 21	
5 55	12 28	8 28		Fillmore	6 50	10 34	3 26	
5 50	12 24	8 24		Briarly	6 55	10 40	3 32	
5 45	12 20	8 20		Waddles	7 00	10 45	3 35	
5 27	12 07	8 07		Krumrine	7 12	10 57	3 50	
5 20	12 00	8 00		State College	7 25	11 10	4 05	
4 30		7 45		Struble	7 27		4 10	
4 25		7 40		Bloomsdorf	7 31		4 15	
4 20		7 35		Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		4 20	

ATTENTION!

Do You Need Anything in the Hardware Line?

Locks or Hinges	Mill Hooks
Gandy Stitched Belts	Cant Hooks
Lace Leather	Stoves and Ranges
Tie or Fence Wire	Paints and Oils
Emery Wheels	Galvanized iron Roofing

Limonds and Disstons Saws

A Postal Card will get you the best Market Prices. Write to-day . . .

John I. Olewine
BELLEFONTE, PA.

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WITHOUT A BELL TELEPHONE

You cannot compete with a man who has one.

No Farmer should be without a Bell Telephone.

PENNSYLVANIA TELEPHONE CO
Contract Dept., Bellefonte, Pa.

Quality, Beauty and Popular Price

Is what makes the RADCLIFFE SHOE for Women so popular. It is said that a graceful carriage, easy motion in walking, perfect poise of the body at all times depends largely upon the construction of the shoes. Radcliffe Shoes are made in accordance with scientific principles and rules. They insure grace and ease of movement in walking or any kind of exercise. Better leather has never been tanned than goes in Radcliffe Shoes. That's why they wear so long. Call to see them.

Kreamer and Son
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Shoes at Reduced Rates

In order to make room for Fall and Winter stock, we will sell all Summer Shoes at reduced rates. We have a fine lot embracing the well known Freed Bros., Douglass, etc., Come and examine them. Our loss is your gain.

$3.00 & $1.50 SHOES ARE NOW $2.75 & $1.25
$1.50 LADIES' OXFORDS NOW $1.00

F. E. WIELAND, Linden Hall

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills.

J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	78
Barley	40	Oats	26
		Corn	45

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	20
Potatoes	20	Eggs	20

DR. SMITH'S SALVE

CURES: Flesh Wounds, Ulcers, Carbuncles, Boils, Erysipelas, Tetter, Eczema, White Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns, Diseased Hands, Etc., Etc.

By mail, 25c. DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall

Nobody has said that Mr. Jackson wants to be Recorder for someone else's benefit, yet it is to support an invalid mother that Mr. Jackson works. He is a "batch," and is devoted to his mother and sister, who, with himself, constitute the Jackson family.

The story that Dr. White is a "coal king" is all a hoax. He has made dentistry a success because he understands his profession and is a business man. That is just the kind of a man wanted in the Treasurer's office.

It looks as though Mr. Bailey intended acknowledging the corn about the Atlantic City trip. At least he hasn't sworn he didn't do it. At all events, if he does make oath to a statement, he won't say he took a receipt.

There is no doubt that Republican Chairman Phil. D. Foster is putting up the Old Soldier howl for Commissioner Miller, when at the same time he (Foster) is using every effort to chase the Old Veteran, Colonel John T. Stuart, from his roost in the Presidential post office at State College. That is a fair sample of Republican regard for the Old Soldier.

There is no getting around it, Ellis L. Shaffer is becoming more popular every day. There is no doubt expressed as to his election. He is making a close canvass, and there is a favorable sentiment expressed wherever he has been.

There is no likelihood of Democrats being anxious to have Mr. Tuten elected to the office of Recorder. He has been connected with a Republican newspaper all his life, and never missed an opportunity to roast Democrats, at all seasons of the year.

Listen to this, Democrats: When you are asked to vote for Mr. Miller because he is a veteran of the war of 1863, just ask the man who makes the request what Chairman Foster is trying to do to Colonel John Stuart, at State College. Foster is making a desperate effort to dump Colonel Stuart out of the postoffice in order that he (Foster) will get his position as postmaster. Mr. Foster and the Republican leaders in Centre county had this trick all in mind when Foster was made county chairman. Then there is this other difference: Colonel Stuart never held an elective office nor an appointment of any kind except the postmastership, while Mr. Miller has sucked dry several public teats in his time. The above are facts, and when the "old soldier" dodge is put at you, ask about the Foster vs. Stuart case.

Mr. Bailey got himself elected county commissioner by keeping his mouth shut, but during the three years he has held office he has been a party to the extravagant administration of county affairs. He left the remainder of the board do the talking. Bailey simply signs up, because he knows that he couldn't open his mouth for a minute without getting his foot into "it".

MR. C. A. WEAVER.

In these days of "graft" in public offices it is well for the voter to consider who among the different candidates will fill the office for the public good instead of for private gain. In C. A. Weaver, one of the nominees for Commissioner, we have a man who is more than ordinarily well qualified for the office to which he aspires. He is a well trained and successful business man, and if elected will take with him into the office the same business methods which he uses in his every day operations, and, so far as he can control it, there will be an end to the loose methods of controlling the affairs of the county, which have lately become the custom.

Mr. Weaver is one of the younger members of the party who deserves to be rewarded and encouraged for the good he has done. Coming, as he does, from one of the oldest and most respected families in the valley, he always took an interest in public affairs, but like his ancestor, not as an office holder. At a very early age he took a prominent part in public matters, and is well known to be an honorable and useful citizen.

Mr. Weaver will undoubtedly receive a handsome complimentary vote from his friends and neighbors in the opposite party, for his political career has not been of the "offensive partisan" kind.

Vote for him and ask your neighbor to vote with you.

TWO TALES: BY A. V. MILLER.

Will Commissioner Miller please tell the Bellefonte Fair Association the same story he told Penns Valley Grangers about that $100 appropriation for premiums.

What is the use of denying it—the commissioners had decided not to pay any attention whatever to the appeal of the Centre County Pomona Grange, through their representative, Hon. Leonard Rhone, and acted accordingly.

But—

The Reporter called attention to their shabby trick, and then to cover it all up, the commissioners wrote to Mr. Rhone (and forwarded a copy of the letter to this office) saying that the reason the appeal was not answered was on account of sickness in the clerk's family, which was not the truth.

Possibly no one person knows how many stories Mr. Miller is telling about this one-hundred-dollar-appropriation affair, but the writer knows of at least two. These two stories are very unlike. One fits to tell in Penns Valley, or, for all that, to any member of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry; the other to the enthusiasts of the Bellefonte Fair Association.

Since Mr. Bailey is not supposed to know anything about the county's affairs, he tries to make it appear that he is ignorant in this matter.

Mr. Miller talks and swears; Mr. Bailey just "signs up".

HOW A DIAMOND IS SHAPED.

New Process of Cutting the Gem Facilitates the Work.

"The business of diamond cutting," said a cutter of precious stones to a reporter, "has changed recently. The old idea of imbedding the stone in melted lead and then allowing the lead to harden, leaving only one facet of the diamond exposed for polishing, is done away with. The whole process is this:

"We first take the diamond in its rough state. We find in all Brazilian diamonds six sharp points, the stone being in the form of a cube. We first determine the best way to cut the diamond by examining it for flaws and deciding which way we will be able to reduce the stone to the largest possible perfect size and at the same time cut out all the imperfections or as many of them as possible.

"The only thing which will cut a diamond is another diamond, so one diamond, imbedded in hard cement, is used to cut the rough stone into a fairly symmetrical shape for polishing. The table or top part of the diamond is cut, the sides of the diamond down to about two-sevenths of the depth are cut, and then for the remainder of the stone it is tapered off to the small point called the culet. The culet is supposed to be directly in the center of the table, and by looking into a diamond it looks as though a little hole were cut down the middle.

"When the diamond has been cut into this rough shape it is about as black as charcoal. This is caused by the abrasion from the diamond which is used to cut it. Then it is up to the polisher. His work is nearly always the same. Except in the rarest of cases he takes the stone and polishes on it fifty-six facets all told on every stone.

"He uses a holder which grasps and locks the diamond securely at any convenient angle and then he presents the exposed surface to a fast revolving wheel on which is diamond dust and oil. This is his entire work—to put on in regular sequence the fifty-six facets and then polish to a nicety these fifty-six sides and the table and culet. When he completes his job the diamond is ready for the market, impregnable to weather, to acid, to damage, except as it may be cut by another diamond.

"The invention of the diamond holders with a lock clasp has done away with the melted lead as a holder except in the case of the very smallest stones."

Anent Frogs' Ears.

Some time ago Beatrice Nathans of Philadelphia, wrote to St. Nicholas asking, "Have toads and frogs ears?"

The answer to her question included the hearing equipment of turtles and snakes as well, and was very interesting.

The ears of a frog are the thin, flat spots back of the eyes. Scientists call the vibrating tissue over each spot a tympanic membrane. This vibrates after the manner of the head of a drum—only, of course, on a very small scale.

There is no opening as in the ears of higher animals.

Turtles have similar membranes a little back of the jaws, but they are smaller than in the frog and do not show conspicuously. Indeed, unless you know just where to look, you will fail to find them, because they are below thick skin. You can usually feel this membrane by pressing with thumb and finger on both sides of the head, as an elastic spot surrounded by a hard, circular wall.

In most fishes the internal ear does not have the tympanic membrane, and the "ear" is probably not for hearing, but an organ of equilibrium (that is, of keeping right side up) only. Some salamanders do not have this membrane, but others, and all the higher amphibians, like frogs and turtles, have the membrane.

Snakes have no membrane, and the hearing is right through the bone of the skull, which we can somewhat understand by comparing it to our hearing noises or other sounds through the partition between two rooms of a house. Snakes are not charmed by music.

Days of Training Ship Ended.

Especial interest attached to the recent distribution of prizes on board H. M. S. Britannia, at Dartmouth, England, as it was the last function the decks of the old cadet ship will witness. The cadets, after the holidays, will be housed in the new Naval college, erected at Dartmouth at a cost of nearly $500,000.

This Frog Flies.

A species of frog found in Borneo has very long toes, webbed to the tip. This creature can leap from a high tree, and, by spreading its toes, be supplied with four little parachutes, which enable it to easily descend. Hence it is called "the flying frog."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The automobile can't crowd the horse altogether out of the news. Vienna is celebrating the centenary of the Frankfurter sausage.

The emphasis that the coaches put on the "weight of the line" this year indicates that football will be a reality and not a theory.

A meddler is a person who fails in his attempt. The meddler who succeeds is no meddler, but a hero.

Says the Augusta Herald: Mr. Edison says he does not associate with men whose lives are devoted to getting money. That's probably why Mr. Edison has been able to save something.

The opening of the school year has shown no decline in the popularity of the American public school system. The people everywhere continue to regard it as one of the country's finest institutions and best assets.

Many of the exciting stories told daily concerning the sins and miseries of our fellow-creatures excite an interest like that aroused by the detective stories of Conan Doyle, and serve no other purpose.

The commercial man has no educational status, however well educated and highly cultured he may be. Any fool with an Oxford degree is accepted by society as a gentleman. The banker, the financier, the stockbroker, the merchant, and the manufacturer have all to establish their individual claims to be gentlemen.

In selecting the name Sequovah for the new state of what has hitherto been the Indian Territory, the statehood constitutional committee has conferred a fitting and proper honor upon one of the leading members of the Cherokee nation, who did more than any one else to advance the cause of education and civilization among his tribe.

The United States are the chief source of the world's supply for cotton. Our cotton mills have access to the raw material grown almost at their doors. Yet we are apparently unable to sell our cottons in successful competition with European makers in near-by South American markets.

In many towns and cities the public school is avoided by those who dread the rough contacts of democracy. It would be instructive to have a census which would show the results in culture and character of the training provided in public and private schools.

Judgments rendered in personal-injury damage suits brought against the city during the last seven years foot up to the impressive totals of $5,000,000. The sum named represents only part of the cost imposed on Chicago taxpayers, for many thousands of dollars are expended annually in defending these suits. The great majority of these suits grow out of personal injuries, or alleged injuries, due to defective sidewalks.

The Philadelphia North American remarks: "The short of the matter is that any such misuse of life insurance money, or savings bank money, or other kind of trust funds, is a crime. That the financiers who commit the crime cannot perceive that it is criminal proves nothing but that the moral fibre of these men has deteriorated and that long familiarity with the crookedness of high finance has benumbed their power to distinguish right from wrong."

The horrors of modern warfare sink into insignficance when compared with the horrors of modern railroading in the United States. An army larger than the Union forces at Gettysburg is killed and wounded every year on the railroads of the United States. During the year ending June 30, 1904, there were 10,046 people killed and 84,155 people injured by accidents on American railways. Of the killed, 441 were passengers, and of the injured, 5,111 were passengers. The number of employees killed was 3,632, and the number of injured employees was 68,067. Six thousands of the slain were neither passengers nor employes, probably the greater number being killed at grade crossing or while walking the tracks. This shocking casualty list would cause a shudder of horror if it occurred in a modern battle, but as the casualties occur in small numbers every day we have grown callous. But is it not time that the public take an interest in the matter and demand greater safety for employees and patrons? asks The Commoner.

Pearl Fishing in the United States.

Pearl fishing in the United States has been carried on in many States, including Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas, Wisconsin, Illinois, Arkansas, Missouri, Georgia and Kansas. One pearl from a freshwater mussel was sold for $1,500, while a round, pink pearl from Tennessee brought $650. One of the finest pearls ever collected in the United States was the "Queen." It had a beautiful lustre and weighed ninety-three grains. It was found near Paterson, N. J., in 1857, and was sold to the Empress Eugenie for $2,500. Today it is probably worth $10,000.—Randolph I. Geare, in the Scientific American.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

The Latest Pennsylvania News Told in Short Order.

Elmer Long and Peter Dowd, Coal Township Commissioners, returned to Shamokin from Harrisburg, being assured by the State Road Department that a macadamized road will be built from Paximos to Shamokin, a distance of six miles.

Fire in the home of tax collector A. Ludewick, at Freeland, damaged the building and furniture. The loss is $3000. Heroic work on the part of firemen prevented the fire from spreading.

The Taxpayers' Association of Lucerne County has commenced action against the auditors of Pittston Township to compel them to publish an itemized statement of the receipts and expenditures of the public school directors, treasurer and tax collector of the township, which they had refused to do.

Mrs. Joseph Savin, of Nanticoke, fled from her home because her husband, who had been acting peculiarly for some time, took a saw to bed with him and threatened to saw her to pieces. The authorities took him to an insane asylum.

Dr. Arthur J. Wilson, City Bacteriologist, has reported that the water of the wells in Scranton is better than it might be expected. In only one case out of 109 was typhoid bacteria discovered.

Before Justice Morgan the first suit of the Borough of Shamokin to recover money from the property owners due for street paving was heard. John P. Mahe- was the defendant. Judgement for $140 was entered. This is the first of a series of suits to be filed.

John D. Gill, of Greensburg, Prohibition candidate for Justice of the State Supreme Court, filed in the State Department a formal notice of his withdrawal. A meeting of the Prohibition State Committee will probably be called to nominate a candidate to take his place.

Reports received by State Fish Commissioner Meehan from all sections of Pennsylvania show that the present bass season is the best in ten years, and that the trout season was the best in thirty years.

Guisseppi Lonizzi, an Italian, who was to have been married to Theresa Paettari, at Steelton, disappeared a few hours before the time fixed for the marriage and is still missing.

J. Sutton Wall, Chief Draughtsman of the Internal Affairs Department, and four assistants left Harrisburg for Erie to make a survey of the shore of Lake Erie to determine the point which was the western terminal of the old boundary line between Pennsylvania and New York.

Governor Pennypacker honored a requisition from Governor Higgins for the extradition of Edward Carney, who is wanted at Buffalo, N. Y., to answer a charge of being a pickpocket. Carney was arrested in Harrisburg during the Old Home Week celebration.

The new home of the Rescue Hook and Ladder Company of St. Clair was dedicated.

The annual donation day at the Home of the Aged and Infirm Deaf at Doylestown netted the institution $187.95.

While picking apples Albert McCarty, of Bucksville, fell from a tree and fractured his collarbone.

Because he fell on an icy pavement and permanently injured his hip, a jury awarded Henry Clemmens $1500 damages against the city of Reading.

John Kosct, a young Hungarian, was killed at the Bethlehem Steel Works.

Christian Nixdorf, 70 years old, of Lancaster, was fatally injured by the premature explosion of a brass canon, which he, with other old veterans, was engaged in discharging along the route of the G. A. R. parade at Myerstown. He was struck in the breast by the breech block of the canon, which was blown off.

Robert R. Koch, of Philadelphia, who sued Edward Semmel, of Easton, for $5,000 damages because of alleged slander, was given a verdict of $100. The allegation was that Koch had been called a crook by the defendant.

A train of eleven heavy freight cars dashed down a steep grade on a siding and crashed into Luckenbach's grain elevator, in Bethlehem, doing considerable damage.

Susan J. Cunningham, professor of mathematics and astronomy, and Elizabeth Powell Bond, dean of women, have returned their resignations to the faculty of Swarthmore College, to take effect at the end of the current year.

The Waynesburg Southern Railroad Company, capital $120,000, was chartered by the State Department to build twelve miles of railroad in Greene county.

Zembo Temple, Ancient Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Harrisburg, celebrated its first anniversary at its temple by taking in fifty novices. A banquet followed, at which Illustrious Potentate Harrison Dingman, of Washington, was the principal speaker.

The jury of inquest impaneled by Coroner King in Royersford to hear evidence in regard to the fatal wreck at Aramingo rendered an accidental verdict and did not place the blame on either of the train crews.

Excelsior Temple, No. 63, O. of N. A., celebrated the third anniversary of its founding by a banquet.

Residents of Spring Citty have protested to Manager Corbin, of the Montgomery and Chester Street Railway, against allowing cars with flat wheels to run on the line.

Henry Kane, a negro, was arrested near Oley Line on suspicion of having murdered John Carter near Chester last month. Kane had been under surveillance for some time. He denies knowing anything about the murder.

Department Attorney General Fleitz has instructed State Fish Commissioner Meehan that persons authorized to take carp, suckers and mullets from the waters of Pennsylvania with seine nets from September 1 until June 30 may employ others to assist them in working the seine, but are responsible for any illegal acts committed by the persons so employed. Mr. Fleitz has also instructed the Commissioner that the licenses to fish in Lake Erie confer no right upon the holders to fish with nets or other devices between November 15 and March 15 of the year succeeding the year for which such licenses are issued.

There is Money in Growing Ginseng

Prof. W. L. Howard of the Missouri State Agricultural College says: "I advise American farmers to cultivate Ginseng. Big profits may be realized. It is a hardy plant and is easily grown."—A recent bulletin issued by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College in part says: "The supply of native Ginseng root is continually diminishing and the price per pound is correspondingly increasing, while the constant demand for the drug in China stands as a guarantee of a steady market for Ginseng in the future. The market for our cultivated root will exist as long as the Chinamen exist."—Consul General W. A. Rublee of Hong Kong says in the U. S. Consular reports: "The sale of Ginseng root grown in America is very large here and the demand is so great that much more could be disposed of advantageously. The root is as indispensable to the 400,000,000 Chinese as is their rice."

Ginseng is a staple on the market the same as corn, wheat and cotton. The present market price varies from $5 to $8 per pound according to quality, while the cost of production does not exceed $1.50. There is room in an ordinary garden to grow several hundred dollars worth each year. The plant is hardy and thrives in all parts of the United States and Canada, except in arid regions. We are successful growers and can show you how to make money growing Ginseng. You can get a good start in the business for a small outlay, and soon have a comfortable income. We have several thousand choice roots for sale for fall delivery. The planting season begins in August and continues till the ground is frozen. Write us today for literature.

Buckingham's Ginseng Garden
Zanesville, Ohio.

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H. E. FENLON Agent

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The Largest and Best Accident Ins. Companies

Bonds of Every Description. Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.

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THE LESTER PIANO is a strictly high grade instrument, endorsed by the New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass; Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, as being unsurpassed for tone, touch and finish.

. . . THE LAWRENCE . . .

7-OCTAVE ORGAN

is the only organ with the Saxaphone combination and correctly imitates orchestral instruments. TERMS to suit the buyer. Ask for catalogues and prices.

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SPRING MILLS.

SHOES For Everybody

The old and the young. For Ladies and Gentlemen and the Babies.

The Radcliffe
The Douglas
The Tourine

Are on our shelves for your inspection.

Also fleece lined for Ladies from $1.00 to $2.00

The best makes of Rubber Boots and Shoes.

Come to see us. We are always glad to meet our old as well as new customers.

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Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

The National Hotel

MILLHEIM, PA.
I. A. SHAWVER, Prop.
First class accommodations for the traveler Good table board and sleeping apartments The choicest liquors at the bar. Stable accommodations for horses is the best to be had. Bus to and from all trains on the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad, at Coburn

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CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE,
And imparts new life to the whole system. At all druggists and dealers, 25c, or sent by mail, if your dealer will not supply you. Address,
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For sale by J. Frank Smith, Centre Hall, Pa.

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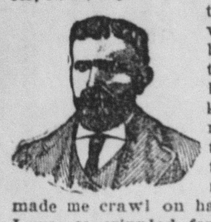
A GIANT LAID LOW.

Crippled and Made Ill by Awful Kidney Disorders.



John Fernaays, fruit raiser, Webster, N. Y., says: "I used to lift railroad ties easily, but wrenched my back and began to suffer with backache and kidney trouble. I neglected it until one day a twinge felled me like a log, made me crawl on hands and knees. I was so crippled for a time that I couldn't walk without sticks, had headaches and dizzy spells and the kidney secretions were muddy and full of brickdust sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills made the pain disappear and corrected the urinary trouble. I have felt better ever since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Commercial Agent Stang reports the rice exports of Saigon from January 1 to August 11 at 756,583,237 pounds, against 1,085,846,376 pounds for a like period in 1904. He says rates fell for a fortnight before he wrote because of business dullness. His letter was dated August 19. Some cargoes, he writes, went to the Philippines, but trade with France is quiet.

The entire staff of the Munich Postoffice has threatened to strike, owing to the stoppage by the authorities of the free soap supply.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The Danube flows through countries in which fifty-two languages and dialects are spoken.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

The savings banks deposits per capita are very low in Italy.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Australia, which is really a republic, has a surplus of $36,000,000.

NO TONGUE CAN TELL

How I Suffered With Itching and Bleeding Eczema Until Cured by Cuticura.

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with a terribly painful, itching and bleeding eczema, my body and face being covered with sores. Never in my life did I experience such awful suffering, and I longed for death, which I felt was near. I had tried doctors and medicines without success, but my mother insisted that I try Cuticura. I felt better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap, and one application of Cuticura Ointment, and was soon entirely well. (Signed) Mrs. A. Etson, Bellevue, Mich."

Finland has a large percentage of wooded area.

Failed to Capture Whales.

Excitement was caused recently among the shipping at Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony, by the appearance of two large whales, a bull and a cow. Their gambols were watched by a large number of spectators. Several fishing boats and tugs went after them, and one succeeded in getting a harpoon home in the cow. A whaler's crew then had an exciting time, the whale towing the boat about the offing until nearly three o'clock, when it managed to break away.

THE CHANGE OF LIFE

INTELLIGENT WOMEN PREPARE

Dangers and Pain of This Critical Period Avoided by the Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women realize that the most critical period in a woman's existence is the change of life, and that the anxiety felt by women as this time draws near is not without reason?

If her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy or congestion of any organ, it is at this time likely to become active and, with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden.

At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to begin their destructive work. Such warning symptoms as a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, dizziness, headache, dread of impending evil, sounds in the ears, timidity, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period of life when woman's great change may be expected.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the world's greatest remedy for women at this trying period, and may be relied upon to overcome all distressing symptoms and carry them safely through to a healthy and happy old age.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound invigorates and strengthens the female organism, and builds up the weakened nervous system as no other medicine can.

Mrs. A. E. G. Hyland, of Chestertown, Md., in a letter to Mrs. Pinkham, says:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I had been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the change of life. My womb was badly swollen. I had a good deal of soreness, dizzy spells, headaches, and was very nervous. I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me, and I have passed safely through the change of life a well woman."

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. It is free and always helpful.

Commercial Review

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says:

Favorable trade reports still predominate, and there is no anxiety regarding the future. Higher temperature checked rail distribution of heavy wearing apparel and other seasonable merchandise, but preparations for unprecedented Fall and Winter trade continue without diminution.

Superlatives are needed in commenting on real estate transactions, building permits, bank exchanges and railroad earnings, and failure statistics for the third quarter show a very low commercial death rate. Quarterly records back to 1875 disclose no three-month period when the ratio of liabilities to solvent payments through the clearing houses was lower than the 62 cents to $1000 just recorded, while the average loss to each firm in business of $15.26 was less than in any year except 1881.

Industrial activity increases, a large tonnage of new business assuring full time at the steel mills still further into next year. Footwear shops shows much heavier shipments than in 1904, and the textile factories are well engeged.

Better crop news weakened cotton and grain prices slightly, but there will be enormous profits to the growers even if quotations go still lower.

Commercial failures this week in the United States are 195, against 240 last week, 206 the preceding week and 222 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada number 22, against 21 last week, 34 the preceding week and 25 last year.

Bradstreet's reports that wheat, including flour, exports for the week are 1,072,642 bushels, against 2,064,932 last week, 1,105,928 this week last year, 2,378,722 in 1903 and 5,645,779 in 1902.

Corn exports for the week are 1,186,388 bushels, against 1,212,992 last week, 652,811 a year ago, 1,101,118 in 1903 and 180,358 in 1902.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 10,478 barrels; exports, 4,454 barrels.

WHEAT—Quiet and lower. Spot contract, 82½@82¾; spot No. 2 red Western, 84; September, 82½@82¾; October, 82⅝@82⅞; December, 85@85¼; steamer No. 2 red, 75@75¼; receipts, 3,382 bushels; exports, 48,000 bushels; Southern, by sample, 68@80; Southern, on grade, 78½@84.

CORN—Steady at decline. Spot, 58¼@58½; September, 58¼@58½; year, 50⅜@50¾; January, 40¼@40½; February, 40@40¼; March, 40@40¼; May, 40¼@40½; steamer mixed, 56¼@56½; receipts, 18,930 bushels; Southern white corn, 57@60; Southern yellow corn, 58@60.

OATS—Quiet. No. 2 white, 33½@34; No. 3 white, 32½@33; No. 2 mixed, 32@32¼; receipts, 122,376 bushels; exports, 40,000 bushels.

RYE—Firm. No. 2 Western, 68 export; 71@72 domestic; receipts, 1,687 bushels.

HAY—Steady and unchanged.

BUTTER—Steady and unchanged. Fancy imitation, 19@20; fancy creamery, 22@22½; fancy ladle, 18@19; storepacked, 15@16.

EGGS—Steady and unchanged, 21.

CHEESE—Steady and unchanged. Large, 12¾; medium, 12⅞; small, 13.

SUGAR—Steady and unchanged. Coarse granulated, 5.20; fine, 5.20.

New York.—WHEAT—No. 2 red, 88¾ elevator; No. 2 red, f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 91¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 91½ f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—No. 2, 58½ elevator and 59¼ f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 60¼; No. 2 white, 60¼. Option market was quiet and easier, closing partly ¼c. net lower. May closed 49⅝.

CORNMEAL—Easy. White and yellow, 1.25; coarse, 1.12@1.14; kiln dried, 3.05.

BUTTER—Firm; receipts, 4,283; street price, extra creamery, 21@21½. Official price, creamery, common to extra, 17@21.

CHEESE—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 3,987.

EGGS—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 8,000.

POULTRY—Alive, quiet; Western chickens, 12; fowls, 13; turkeys, 13. Dressed, quiet; Western chickens, 15; fowls, 14; turkeys, 14@18.

LARD—Easy. Western, 7.60; refined, easy; continent, 7.85; South American, 8.75; compound, 5⅝@5¾.

COTTONSEED OIL—Firmer. Prime yellow, 26½@27.

Live Stock.

New York.—BEEVES—Steers demoralized, 10@15c. lower; fully 25 cars unsold. Native steers, 3.75@5.15; Western, 3.50; stags, 3.75@4.00; cows, 1.40@3.15. Liverpool and London cables quoted live cattle selling at 10@12c. Dressed weight; refrigerator beef lower at 8½@9c. per pound.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Steady to 10c. higher. Beef steers, 2.90@5.25; stockers and feeders, 2.10@4.00; cows and canners, 1.25@3.75; bulls, 2.20@3.70; heifers, 2.10@4.20; calves, 2.00@7.25.

HOGS—Market 5c. higher early, but advance lost. Shipping and selected, 5.60@5.85; mixed and heavy packing, 5.40@5.57½; light, 5.30@5.70; pigs and roughs, 1.50@5.60.

SHEEP—Market weak to 10c. lower. Sheep, 2.00@5.10; lambs, 4.00@7.60.

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.

Ether was first used in surgical operations in 1846.

Horse racing in Italy is dead since the introduction of automobile speed contests.

The first attempt to illustrate news was made in 1607. It depicted a flood in Monmouthshire, England.

For the fiscal year ended March 20, 1904, the imports of Persia amounted to about $32,250,000 and the exports to $21,300,000. Russia and Great Britain absorb three-fourths of Persia's foreign trade. The remaining fourth is principally shared by France, Austria and Turkey. The United States participates only to the extent of about $533,000 in the value of the imports of Persia.

In one year this country turns out 1,500 books of fiction alone.

Juliet's home is about to be sold to satisfy a mortgage of $2,000. Juliet's mistake was in not going after a millionaire instead of Romeo.

BOX OF WAFERS FREE—NO DRUGS—CURES BY ABSORPTION.

Cures Belching of Gas—Bad Breath and Bad Stomach—Short Breath—Bloating—Sour Eructations Irregular Heart, Etc.

Take a Mull's Wafer any time of the day or night, and note the immediate good effect on your stomach. It absorbs the gas, disinfects the stomach, kills the poison germs and cures the disease. Catarrh of the head and throat, unwholesome food and overeating make bad stomachs. Scarcely any stomach is entirely free from taint of some kind. Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will make your stomach healthy by absorbing foul gases which arise from the undigested food and by re-enforcing the lining of the stomach, enabling it to thoroughly mix the food with the gastric juices. This cures stomach trouble, promotes digestion, sweetens the breath, stops belching and fermentation. Heart action becomes strong and regular through this process.

Discard drugs, as you know from experience they do not cure stomach trouble. Try a common-sense (Nature's) method that does cure. A soothing, healing sensation results instantly.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will do this, and we want you to know it.

SPECIAL OFFER.—The regular price of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers is 50c. a box, but to introduce it to thousands of sufferers we will send two (2) boxes upon receipt of 75c. and this advertisement, or we will send you a sample free for this coupon.

10215 FREE COUPON 125

Send this coupon with your name and address and name of a druggist who does not sell it for a free sample box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 328 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

Sold by all druggists, 50c. per box, or sent by mail.

The English flag floats on 11,385 merchant vessels.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Coal costs most in South Africa; least in China.

The Great Antiseptic.

Sloan's Liniment, for all mosquito bites. It kills yellow fever and malaria germs.

GOOD AND HUMOROUS EXCUSE.

Debtor Really Deserved Grant of Extension of Time.

A prominent business house in Baltimore placed a bill in the hands of a collector, who, in response to a request for settlement, received the following in reply:

"My Dear Sir: Absence from the city prevented my writing in answer to yours of recent date.

"It will be utterly impossible for me to settle the claim you mention at present, for the very simple but good reason—I haven't got it.

"I lost every penny I had in the world, and considerable I had in the future, in a theatrical venture last September. Up to the present time I have not recovered from the shock.

"I think if you lay this fact before your clients they will not advise you to proceed harshly against me. From their past experience with my modes of procedure in days gone by I do not think they can recall any suspicious mannerisms which could lead them to suppose I am a debt dodger.

"I have simply been initiated into the Lodge of Sorrow, Hard Luck Chapter, Fool Division No. 69.

"My picture, hanging crape-laden on the walls of the Hall of Fame, bears the legend, 'Sucker No. 32876493.'

"My motto is briefly: 'I would if I could; but I haven't, so I can't.'

"Fortune may smile, however; up to the present writing it has given me the laugh. I have hopes.

"Directly I am in a position even remotely suggesting opulence, I assure you your balance will receive my very prompt attention."—Montreal Herald.

COFFEE NEURALGIA

Leaves When You Quit and Use Postum.

A lady who unconsciously drifted into nervous prostration brought on by coffee, says:

"I have been a coffee drinker all my life, and used it regularly, three times a day.

"A year or two ago I became subject to nervous neuralgia, attacks of nervous headache and general nervous prostration which not only incapacitated me for doing my housework, but frequently made it necessary for me to remain in a dark room for two or three days at a time.

"I employed several good doctors, one after the other, but none of them was able to give me permanent relief.

"Eight months ago a friend suggested that perhaps coffee was the cause of my troubles and that I try Postum Food Coffee and give up the old kind. I am glad I took her advice, for my health has been entirely restored. I have no more neuralgia, nor have I had one solitary headache in all these eight months. No more of my days are wasted in solitary confinement in a dark room. I do all my own work with ease. The flesh that I lost during the years of my nervous prostration has come back to me during these months, and I am once more a happy, healthy woman. I enclose a list of names of friends who can vouch for the truth of the statement." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Ten days' trial leaving off coffee and using Postum is sufficient. All grocers.

To make Cheap Gas-light for Country Homes

TAKE a common Clay Pipe.

Put a simple "Acetylene" Gasburner on its stem.

Bind the two in position with a tight-fitting piece of Rubber Hose.

Then fill the bowl of the pipe with fine-ground Calcium Carbide.

Next tie a rag over head of the bowl to keep in the Carbide.

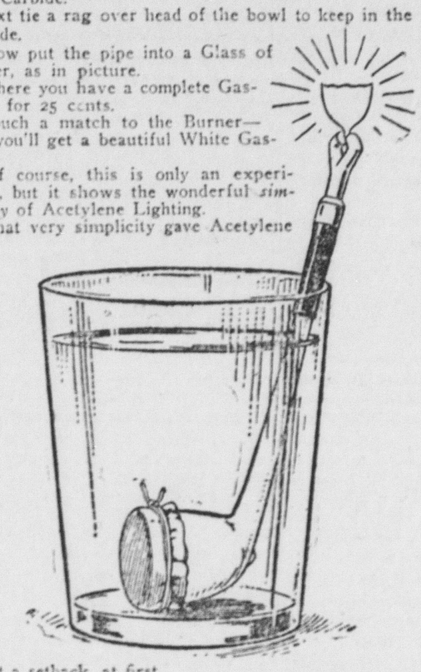
Now put the pipe into a Glass of Water, as in picture.

There you have a complete Gas-plant for 25 cents.

Touch a match to the Burner—and you'll get a beautiful White Gas-light.

Of course, this is only an experiment, but it shows the wonderful *simplicity* of Acetylene Lighting.

That very simplicity gave Acetylene



Light a setback, at first.

It seemed so *simple* to turn Calcium Carbide into Gas-light that over 600 different kinds of "tanks" and "Acetylene Machines" were invented, patented, and marketed for the purpose, by about as many different people.

Well, the thing to be expected certainly happened!

About 530 of these "Acetylene Machines" had been invented and sold by people who knew more about *Tinware* than they did about *Gas-making*.

The "Calcium Carbide" was all right *all* the time, but 530 of the machines for turning it into Gas were all wrong *all* the time.

So Acetylene Gas "got a bad name," though it is clear enough *now* that it never *deserved* it at any time.

It was like selling *Wood Stoves* to burn Hard Coal in, and then blaming the *Coal* for not burning.

* * *

Lots of things happened to grieve the Owners of these 530 makes of alleged "Acetylene Machines."

But very few *accidents* occurred from them even in the days of rank experiment and dense ignorance, among "Generator" Makers.

Of course, a gun will go off unexpectedly, now and then, if the trigger be pulled by a person who "didn't know it was loaded."

But, that's no fault of the Ammunition—is it?

Well, finally the Insurance Companies got after these 530 odd makes of "Acetylene Machines" that wouldn't Acetylate, and the Insurance Board made an investigation of all Generators that were submitted to them.

Then, out of the 600 odd "Machines" patented, only about 70 were "permitted" by the Insurance Board to be used.

Oh, what a howl was there!

By "permitted" I mean that the Insurance Board was willing that any building should be Insured, without extra charge, which used any one of these 70 Acetylene Generators it had found safe, and effective, just as it permitted houses to be piped for City Gas, or wired for Electricity, under proper conditions.

Now, the Insurance Companies *ought* to know whether or not these 70 different makes of Acetylene Generators were absolutely Safe to use.

Because, *they* have to pay the bills, if Fire or Explosion occurs, from any one of the Acetylene Generators they authorize.

And, here's a proof of their good judgment.

Though there are now Two Million people using Acetylene Light in America, there have only been *four* Fires from it in one year, against *8865* Fires from Kerosene and Gasoline.

There have also been 4691 Fires from Electricity, 1707 Fires from City Gas, and 520 Fires from Candles.

Besides these there have been 26 Fires from the Sun's rays, But,—only *four* Fires from Acetylene.

That shows how *careful* the Insurance Board was in its examination of Acetylene Generators, and in "permitting" only the 70 makes that were *above suspicion*, out of the 600 experiments that were once on the market.

* * *

Well,—the boom in Acetylene Lighting made *lower prices* possible on the material it is derived from, viz., Calcium Carbide, a material that looks like Granite but acts like Magic.

Today, Acetylene Light is a full *third cheaper* than Kerosene Light, or Gasoline Light, per Candle Power.

It is not more than *half* the price of Electric Light, nor *three-fourths* that of City Gas.

If I can't *prove* these statements to your full satisfaction my name is not "Acetylene Jones."

But Acetylene is *more* than the *safest* and *cheapest* Light of the year 1905.

It is also the *Whitest* Light—the nearest to natural Sunlight in health-giving Blue and Violet rays, and because of this, with its freedom from flicker, it is the easiest of all Artificial Light on the *Eyes*.

It is so much like *real* Sunlight that it has made plants grow 24 hours per day in dark cellars where no ray of Sunlight could reach them. It made them grow *twice as fast* as similar plants that had only the Sunlight of day-time, viz., half the time.

That was proven by Cornell University in a three-months' experiment made this very year.

* * *

Now, I've saved up for the last a point more important to you than all the others about Acetylene Light.

It consumes only *one-fourth* as much of the vital *Oxygen* from the Air of Living rooms or bed-rooms, as either Kerosene or City Gas-Light consumes.

That's a *tremendous* difference in a lifetime, mark you—three-fourths of a difference.

Because,—*Oxygen* is *Life*.

And every bit of Oxygen stolen from the lungs of Women, Children and Men, through Lighting, is a loss that can never be made good again.

A 24 Candle-Power Acetylene Light costs you only *two-fifths* of a cent per hour.

That's about $5.85 per year, if burned every night in the year for four steady hours.

A Kerosene Lamp of equal capacity would cost you a third more, viz.: *three-fifths* of a cent per hour *for Kerosene alone*, or $8.75 per year.

That's exclusive of broken lamp chimneys, new wicks, and the everlasting drudgery and danger of cleaning, filling and trimming daily.

I want to *prove* these figures to you, Reader, if you are a house-owner or storekeeper.

Tell me how many rooms you've got and I'll tell you what it will cost to light them with brilliant, beautiful, Sanitary, eye-saving Acetylene.

Write me today for my Free Book about "Sunlight on Tap."

Just address me here as—

"Acetylene Jones,"
9 Adams St.,
Chicago, Ills.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

For Your Family and Your Horse

The Best Antiseptic Known.

TRY IT FOR

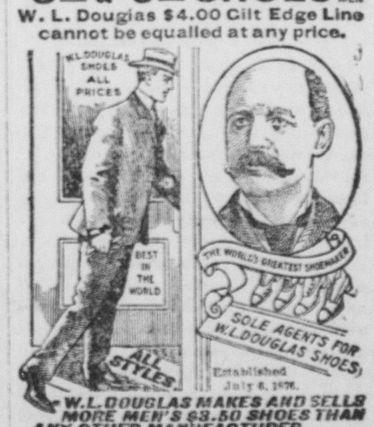
Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Swellings and Enlargements.

Price, 25c., 50c. and $1.00.

Dr. EARL S. SLOAN,
615 Albany St., Boston, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.


W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES
BEST IN THE WORLD
ALL STYLES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOEMAKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
Established July 6, 1876.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any $3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PRICE, 25 Cts

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo*

A coalmine in the frozen North was one thing found by the Ziegler expedition.

Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullen is Nature's great remedy—Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup and Consumption, and all throat and lung troubles. At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

The cost of feeding the animals in the London Zoo a year is $17,000.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY — BOSTON, MASS.

THE GRAND PRIZE — A. J. Tower Co. — TOWER'S FISH BRAND

MAKERS OF WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING, SLICKERS, POMMEL SLICKERS AND HATS.

FOLLOWING OUR SUCCESSES AT PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO AND OTHER EXPOSITIONS WE WON THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND — A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON CHICAGO NEW YORK — THE GRAND PRIZE

BILIOUSNESS

torpid liver, constipation, deranged stomach—the accumulated waste matter forced to find an outlet through the kidneys, skin and blood—the whole system weakened. By-and-by—serious trouble. A cure is easy now.

Parsons' Pills

taken according to directions, will thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels, invigorate the liver, open and strengthen all the secreting and excreting glands of the body. They will make the blood pure and rich, the skin clear and the complexion soft and rosy. Price 25 cents. Sold by all dealers. J. B. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—High prices paid for all kinds of Live Wild Birds and Animals. Particularly Wild Turkeys, Squirrels, Foxes, etc. etc. Address Dr. Cecil French, Washington, D. C.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 812 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks solicited.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

MONEY $$$ Write to E. E. Behr, La Crosse, Wis.

CONEY ISLAND SOUVENIR POST CARDS. Six beautiful colored scenes for 5c. Coney Island Postal Card Co., Coney Island, N. Y.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, communion, morning, preparatory service Saturday afternoon; Centre Hall, Sunday afternoon.

Evangelical—Lemont, morning; Linden Hall, afternoon.

Lutheran—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Georges Valley, evening.

Reformed—Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

Broke Her Collar Bone.

Mrs. John Heckman, an aged lady living at Spring Mills, Friday morning had the misfortune to fall and break her collar bone. She was doing some work on the porch of her home, when the skirt of her dress caught on a nail, throwing the lady backwards, with the above noted result.

Keith's Theatre.

Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, offers great attractions in unlimited variety this week. Among the actors who will furnish the amusement are: Hal Davis, Macauley & Co., in Day's playlet, "Pals"; O'Brien and Havel, in Cressy's "Ticks and Clicks"; Smith & Campbell, popular comedians; The Gregsons, singing travesty duo; The Chamberlins in "The Cowboy and the Lady"; Kelly & Violette, ultra-fashionplates in song; Henny & Steele, Garnella & Harris; a treat for the children, Rochez's ponies; a treat for the ear, Augusta Close, musical monologue; Chassino, shadowgraph king; Lew Sully, oratorical disturbances.

Suicide at State College.

Friday evening about nine o'clock, Margaret Williams, a welsh girl employed as a domestic at McAllister Hall, State College, took a dose of carbolic acid and as a result of her rash act died in great agony at eleven o'clock the same evening.

Doctors Glenn and Robinson were called to attend her and did everything in their power to save her life but it was impossible to do so.

The suicide was a native of Nanticoke, and had been employed at McAllister Hall about two weeks. Had she lived until the twenty-ninth of this month she would have been seventeen years of age. Troubles at home are given as the cause for her taking her life.

The remains were shipped to her home in Nanticoke Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Bryan Abroad.

William J. Bryan sailed from San Francisco September 27. Mr. Bryan will make a voyage around the world. In the course of his journey he will visit Hawaii, China, the Philippine Islands, India, Australia, New Zealand, Egypt, Palestine, Greece, Turkey, Italy, Spain, Switzerland, Germany, France, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Russia, Holland and the British Isles.

In each of these countries Mr. Bryan will write for his paper, The Commoner, one or more letters describing his observations. It is needless to say that Mr. Bryan's letters will be interesting to men and women, regardless of political prejudice. Those desiring to avail themselves of the opportunity to read these letters should lose no time in subscribing for The Commoner.

Letter from Illinois.

J. M. Stiffler, of Freeport, Illinois, sends the Reporter the following news from that state, at the same time inclosing a dollar for a six on the label of his paper:

We are having ideal autumn weather; no frost thus far; hot days and very cool at night. Plenty of rain all summer up to September 1st, since then it has been extremely dry.

Crops of all kinds were good, save apples which are a failure. Late potatoes are yielding poorly too. The corn crop is simply immense, and is being cribbed in some places. Much of it was cut early in the season, and the fodder was cured in prime condition. The clover seed crop is yielding well. Some report three and four bushels of prime seed per acre. Fruits of all kinds, save apples, are plentiful and cheap in our markets. Apples retail at from $1 to $1.50 per bushel.

LOCALS.

Ask your grocer for Wash-Easy.

One and seven-hundredths inches of rain fell Wednesday of last week. It was an all-day rain.

The notice that Candidate Berry would be in Bellefonte Wednesday was received too late to appear in last week's issue of the Reporter.

Prof. C. L. Gramley, according to the Millheim Journal, is in possession of an apple of the Rolfe variety measuring sixteen and one-fourth inches in circumference and weighing twenty-four ounces.

Under the direction of Prof. H. A. Surface, Economic Zoologist of the State Department of Agriculture, Friday of next week, a public exhibition of fighting the San Jose Scale will be given in one of Col. Reynold's orchards, a short distance southwest of Bellefonte. The work will also be demonstrated in other localities by other representatives of the State Agricultural Department.

INCIDENTS OF 1874.

Local Items Taken from the Centre Reporter of Interest to 1905 Readers.

[*Note: The spelling of proper names is the same as found in the files of the Reporter.*]

NOVEMBER 27—Last Thursday morning, November 20, brought the first snow of importance, and Johnny Harkins was the first to take a sleigh ride on it.

Pine Hall, Ferguson township, has a subscription out for building a new Lutheran church.

The dwelling house of Mrs. Garrett, near Wolf's Store was destroyed by fire on the 26th.

John Harkins has broken ground for a new dwelling house, nearly opposite the Lutheran parsonage, in this place. [This is the house owned and occupied by Miss Lizzie Runkle.]

DECEMBER 24—Lieutenant S. S. Wolf, representative-elect from Centre county, is lying dangerously ill of typhoid fever. [Death came January 1st, next.]

Married—November 5, David L. Zerby and Miss Maggie, daughter of Jacob Keen, both of Potter township. . . . December 12, John Frazier and Miss Kate Musser, both of Brush Valley . . . December 2, Harry Frank, of Rebersburg, and Miss Lizzie Beaver, of Montandon . . . December 24, Joseph Rachau, of Gregg township, and Miss Catharine White, of Spring township . . . December 24, Howard Harkins and Miss Sarah Jane Snyder, both of Centre Hall . . . December 22, Z. P. Krise, of Milroy, and Miss Hattie N. Love, of Churchville . . . December 17, Stephen Moyer, of Irving, Illinois, and Miss Hannah McKinney, of Centre Hill . . . December 24, Dr. D. H. Mingle, of Millheim, and Miss Lizzie M. Bair, daughter of John Bair . . . January 4, 1875, John H. Stover and Miss Emma Cronoble, both of Penn township . . . January 7, James W. Stover to Miss Susanna L. Bower, both of Haines township.

1875

JANUARY 7—William Wolf has been appointed postmaster, succeeding C. F. Harlacher. Mr. Wolf formerly held the same office for a long term of years.

The stages from Union county now reach Centre Hall at noon, and depart at noon, each day, thus making connections with the Bellefonte and Milroy stages coming and going.

John F. Heckman, of Penn Hall, two years ago, from 42 acres of ground raised 1,034 bushels of wheat, and last year, from the same number of acres, 1,081 bushels of wheat.

JANUARY 14—Isaac Tressler, west of Centre Hall, killed a hog weighing 626½ pounds.

JANUARY 21—C. F. Harlacher has been reappointed postmaster at Centre Hall.

Centre Hall Lodge, I. O. O. F., was instituted Friday evening, 19th inst., by District Deputy Grand Master D. H. Parker, of Philipsburg. Boalsburg Lodge was instituted on 14th inst., by the same.

Markets, Bellefonte, Jan. 21. White wheat $1.05, red wheat $1.05, corn 60c, oats 55c, barley 90c, clover seed $5 00, potatoes 60c, pork 6c, butter 20c, eggs 15c, bacon 10c, ham 15c, lard 8c, buckwheat 65c, flour per bbl. $7.00.

LOCALS.

Ask your grocer for Wash-Easy.

The soldiers monument, in front of the court house, Bellefonte, is being erected.

A pumpkin weighing ninety pounds was raised by A. J. Hassenger, of Lemont.

An inch of snow fell in the mountain districts of Altoona and Cresson, Wednesday night of last week.

There's not a 'coon in Centre Hall since Carpenter Aaron Thomas sold the big fellow he captured on Nittany Mountain, about three years ago, to Major Huss, at Spring Mills.

Boyd Wilson, for some years connected with the Howard Creamery Company, at Bellefonte, is now located at Williamsport, where he will take charge of a large dairy and creamery.

Samuel W. Shutt, of Lock Haven, moved from that town to Oberlin, Ohio, where he will open a merchant tailoring establishment. He is a brother of Frank Shutt, of Centre Hall, and learned his trade with W. A. Sandoe, in this place.

Potato buyers were in Penns Valley, last week, knee deep. The crop through the valley was fair. The loss from rot was of no great consequence, being confined to low grounds. The price paid by buyers was forty cents The bulk of the crop offered for sale this fall has been sold.

Merchant H. W. Kreamer and Mrs. Kreamer are in Johnstown, the guests of their daughter, Mrs. H. S. Heckman, and family. Mr. Kreamer will return shortly, but his good wife will remain for a week longer with her nieces, Mrs. C. A. Spencer and Mrs. H. J. Kittleberger, in Curwensville.

Samuel Gross removed his household goods from Centre Hall to State College, where he is now employed at the College barns, and is now living in one of the tenement houses belonging to Pennsylvania State College. Mr. Gross is a good, faithful laborer, and is well suited to the work he is engaged in.

Wash-Easy contains neither lye nor acid.

LOCALS.

Samuel E. Weber, Jr., son of John H. Weber, of Centre Hall, has located at Schenectady, New York.

Railroad Station Agent W. L. Campbell, of Spring Mills, is spending his vacation at Williamsport.

Miss Lauretta Barber, of Mifflinburg, came to Centre Hall Saturday to visit her cousin, Dr. W. H. Schuyler, and from here will go to Bellefonte.

Charles Alexander, son of W. P. Alexander, of Yeagertown, visited his young friends at Spring Mills recently He is working at the Burnham iron works.

Beginning of this week, Mrs. H. F. Rossman, of Spring Mills, returned from Lancaster, where she spent a week with her son, John Rossman, a sophmore in Franklin and Marshall College.

At the general election Henry C. Quigley, Esq, who through a trick of the trade, compelled delegates to vote against Harry M. Allison and for Lincoln E. Swartz, at the Republican county convention, will not be able to repeat the same.

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

(Continued from First Page.)

considerate Mr. Weaver also by his conduct in this office clearly demonstrated that he is capable of filling the office which he now seeks.

Mr. Weaver since the expiration of his term as deputy sheriff has been engaged in business at Coburn and the same integrity and efficiency that characterized his official career has been manifested in his dealings with his fellow citizens in business. He is a son of the late H. H. Weaver, of Haines township, who was a member of Co. D, of the 148th P. V.

John L. Dunlap the other candidate for County Commissioner, is a native of Penns Valley having been born in Gregg township. Mr. Dunlap obtained such education as was afforded by the public schools and a term or two at the Penn Hall Academy. After this he taught school for a few terms, working at the carpenter trade in the summer time, and later devoting all his time to this trade. Years ago he moved to Bellefonte and has regularly followed his trade, working whenever work was to be had. Few carpenters, since the planing mill has come, have work in the winter time unless it is in the planing mill. In these, however, few can find employment.

The Gazette alleges that Mr. Dunlap owns no property, is poor and therefore should not be elected County Commissioner. If this argument is to be considered then no poor man, however worthy or able he may be, could become a candidate for any office.

It is true, we admit, that John L. Dunlap is poor. He like many others was born to poverty and he has worked and labored to overcome this curse of humanity all his life So have thousands, yes, millions of others. They are still engaged in the great struggle; so is Dunlap. But by energy, push and hard work Mr. Dunlap fairly and honestly won the nomination for County Commissioner from the party for which he has worked for many years. Why shall he not have it? And why should poverty stand as a bar to his election?

On the ground of intelligence, capacity to perform the duties of the offices and that faithfully and honestly, Mr. Dunlap is the superior of either of the present Republican candidates.

It is well known that A. V. Miller begged for an office for years on the ground of poverty. That he served as Government Storekeeper for a long while at Pleasant Gap, and wanted to be Prothonotary, then Sheriff and finally after the death of Matt. Riddle, was on the 18th or 19th of March, 1900, appointed County Commissioner on the ground of poverty, because the Gazette of March 23, 1900, says, "The appointment comes to Mr. Miller at this time as a God-send." Why a God-send? Because he was poor.

Indeed both of the candidates for this office on the Democratic ticket are poor, but they are intelligent, honest, and perfectly capable of performing every duty that may devolve upon them. As capable as any of the present board, or any of the board before the present. The members of both boards were all poor men.

Some of the best officers the county has ever had were poor. When they came into office they had nothing but honor, capability and intelligence. They performed every duty that devolved upon them faithfully and successfully and to the satisfaction of all the people. So will Dunlap and Weaver.

The Commissioner's office is of more interest to the people, comes closer to them than any other office in the county. By reason of the fact that Commissioners must provide all the funds necessary to carry on the courts, build bridges, the care and repair of the public buildings, etc., etc, comes ever home through the tax levy. If the funds thus collected are not carefully and judiciously expended, or are squandered the people must feel it in the increase of their taxes.

That the present board has been recklessly inconsiderate of the people and extravagant beyond all reason is proven in the fact that in three years the annual expense of the county has gone from $62,000.00 up to $73,000.00 or more. They show nothing for it.

For fitness to discharge the onerous duties of the office of County Commissioner, for general intelligence and knowledge in the walks and ways of business, for morality and conduct and in all that pertains to their lives Weaver and Dunlap are the superiors of the Republican candidates for the same office. Weaver and Dunlap should be elected, and will be, unless the people desire the system of great extravagance inaugurated by the present board continued.

And now comes James W. Swabb and S. H. Hoy for County Auditors. It is as necessary to have good County Auditors as well as to have good County Commissioners. The candidates are both very well qualified for this office. They are thorough Democrats and will perform their duties, if elected, to the entire satisfaction of the people.

Then there is Dr. P. S. Fisher, of Walker township, for Coroner. No man in the county is more capable than Dr. Fisher for this or any other position. The only regret is that the duties of the office are so light. But much or little to do, Dr. Fisher will meet the requirements of the office.

WRIT IN PARTITION

TO THE HEIRS AND LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES OF JOSEPH MEYER, LATE OF HARRIS TOWNSHIP, DECEASED:

Take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, Pennsylvania, a writ in partition has been issued from said Court to the Sheriff of said County, returnable on Monday, November 27th, 1905, that an inquest be held for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1905, 10 A. M.

on the premises of the deceased, (starting at Boalsburg) at which time and place you can be present if you see proper.

George Durst, Centre Hall
Alice Ruhl, Mifflinburg
Elizabeth Durst, Centre Hall
Esty Musser, Clearfield
Philip Durst, Centre Hall
Cyrus Durst, Boalsburg
Kate Saunders, Centre Hall
Mary Heilman, Heilmansdale
Catharine Weiland, Boalsburg
Dr. J. W. Stamm, Newhamburg, Mercer Co., Pa
Mary Williams, Transfer, Mercer Co., Pa.
Frederick Stamm and Nettie Stamm, Newhamburg, Mercer Co., Pa.
Henry Keller, Kansas Co., Mo.
Laura Dreibibis, Penn'a Furnace, R. F. D.
Sadie Keichline, Maggie Keichline, Gertrude Keichline, Pine Grove Mills
Mary C. Lytle, Centre Hill
William H. Stamm, Mill Hall
Jacob M. Stamm, Altoona
Sarah S. Ishler, Bellefonte, R. F. D.
Russell Stamm, Walker
Philip F. Stamm, Charles H. Stamm, Elsie Stamm, Nettie Stamm, Sciona, Pa.
Rachael Dale, Oak Hall
Amanda Walker, Boalsburg
Philip H. Meyer, Bellefonte
J. H. Meyer, Bowling Green, Virginia
Jacob Meyer, Linden Hall

All those four certain messuages or tracts of land situate in the Township of Harris, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

No. 1 Being a house and lot situate in Boalsburg, Centre county, Pa., located on the north side of Main street, in said village of Boalsburg, bounded on the south by Main street, on the west by J. M. Weiland and on the east and north by alleys.

No. 2 All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Harris township, Centre county, Pa., bounded as follows: On the east by Boalsburg and Bellefonte Pike, on the south by lands of John Hook, on the west by lands of Theodore Boal and on the north by lands of Henry Frederick. Containing 13 acres, more or less.

No. 3 All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Harris, county of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the south by lands of Jacob Sparr, on the west by lands of John Hook, on the north by lands of Samuel Sparr and others, and on the east by Jesse Markle. Containing about 4 acres, more or less. Thereon erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house, stable and other out buildings.

No. 4 Being all that messuage, tenement and tract of timber land situate in the township of Harris, county of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the east by lands of Thomas Meyer's estate, on the south by lands of Jesse Markle, on the west by lands of James Kimport, and on the north by public road. Containing 14 acres more or less.

Sheriff's Office, H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff
Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 23rd, 1905.

FOR SALE—Double barrel, harmless gun. Good as new. 12 gauge, 28 inch barrel. P. O. BOX 277, Bellefonte, Pa.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Rebecca Sparr, late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

CYRUS SHUNGART,
W. S. MINGLE, Executors,
Harry Keller, Attorney. Centre Hall, Pa.

FARM FOR SALE—The undersigned will offer for sale the farm located ¼ of a mile north of Tusseyville, in Potter township, Centre county, adjoining the farms of Samuel Florey and William Grossman, containing

FIFTY ACRES

more or less, all clear, and all under cultivation. There is erected on the premises a large bank barn, two and a one-half story dwelling house and all necessary outbuildings, all in good condition. Also eight acres of woodland, in the "Kettle," west of Tusseyville, easy of access.

Apply to the undersigned for terms and conditions.

J. S. SHOWERS,
P. O. Address, McElhattan,
4t Clinton Co., Pa.

PUMP REPAIRING—The undersigned is prepared to repair all styles of pumps, etc. Prompt attention will be given this work.

Windmills and Pumps and repairs for same, can be furnished at any time, at lowest cost.

Also, a full line of plumbers supplies. If in need of water pipes, no matter what size or quantity, get prices from me.

Also, Gasoline Engines.

J. S. ROWE,
Centre Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Mary Waugh, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JAS. P. GROVE, Administrator,
W. Harrison Walker, Spring Mills, Pa.
Attorney, Bellefonte.

Some Seasonable Advice.

It may be a piece of superfluous advice to urge people at this season of the year to lay in a supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is almost sure to be needed before winter is over, and much more prompt and satisfactory results are obtained when taken as soon as a cold is contracted and before it has become settled in the system, which can only be done by keeping the remedy at hand. This remedy is so widely known and so altogether good that no one should hesitate about buying it in preference to any other. It is for sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

THE
STAR STORE
ESTABLISHED 1889
C. O. BENNER, Prop.

New Goods From Eastern Markets

We are now receiving daily from New York and Philadelphia new goods of every description, in the way of General Merchandise for one and all, which has been bought far below regular, and we invite you to call and see if we cannot save you money on your purchases. These goods, at the price, can only be had by going to the market's front, and if you are there when they come in you may have your share. They are there for the day; to-morrow they are gone. We would further add that the goods which we purchased are the finest in every particular and are in price far below anything you can get in the valley. They comprise

Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions,
Shoes, Hats and Caps, Tinware,
Shelf Hardware, Etc. . . . .

We want to emphasize the fact that we picked up many lots in the different lines, away below all competition, and they will be offered at a slight advance. Come before they are all sold.

We want . . .

Apples, Potatoes, Onions, Nuts
BUTTER, EGGS, Etc.

You will still find us on the Flat Iron Corner at the Station.

The Star

Underwear Reminder

Thought I had better tell you about my Underwear Stock, or you might buy from some Jew or Gentile that would not give you near such good values for the money. I am safe in saying that there is no store in the Valley that has a larger variety, or no one who will beat my prices—either Jew or Gentile. We Gentile Merchants sell you a 50 cent article for 50 cents and do not take advantage of a 65-cent price, if we could.

But I want to tell you that I have the best 50-cent Men's fleece lined Underwear that is on the market. Nothing better made for 50 cents. I have one at 45 cents that many sell at 50 cents. I have Men's Underwear as low as 25 cents, and up to $1.00. They are wool and the best that can be had for the money. For the ladies there is none to beat my Jersey Ribbed Vest and Pants at 25 cents. I have better ones at 50 cents. I have white and natural wool at 75 cents and $1.00.

For children, such as infants, big girls and boys, little girls and boys, I have a good assortment in cotton and wool.

Again I say nothing in the Valley to beat my line of Underwear.

C. W. Swartz
TUSSEYVILLE, PA.

SMITH BROTHERS
SPRING MILLS, PA.

WE HAVE NOW ON HAND
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
Furniture for the
Fall Season
Wall Paper in Great Variety
A FULL LINE OF STOVES
GIVE US A CALL